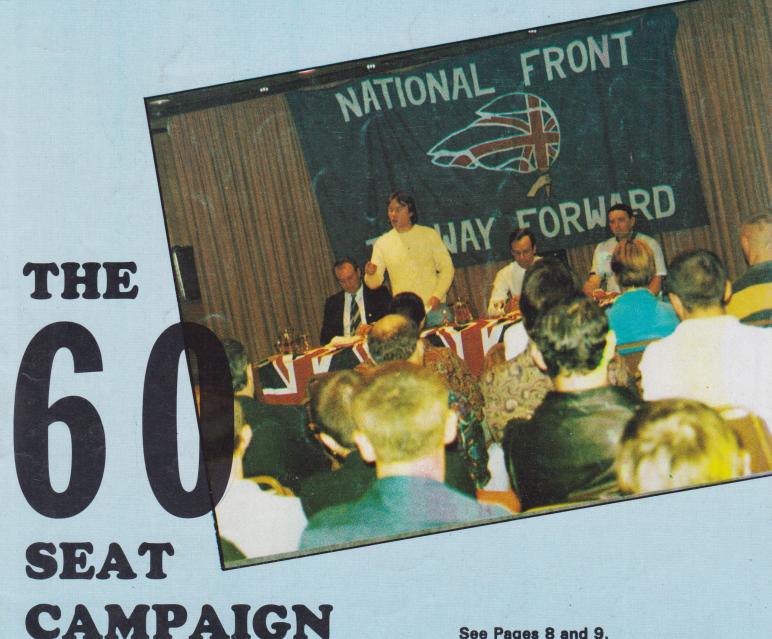


JULY - SEPTEMBER 1990

GENERAL ELECTION



See Pages 8 and 9.



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E-D-I-T-O-R-I-A-L

JULY - SEPTEMBER 1990

ISSUE 31.

Birds of a Feather...

PAINED SURPRISE is being expressed in Establishment circles that "St. Nelson" Mandela should have failed so signally to emit even token verbal condemnations of the Provisional IRA. While the Iron Lady rises above it all, murmuring about Mandela's "dignity", Neil Kinnock proposes to have a guiet word in his sanctified ear.

"As a friend", quoth Neil, Immigrant votes leaping into ballot boxes on his behalf with every ingratiating syllable, "I owe it to Nelson Mandela to tell him that the Provisional IRA are a bunch of murdering gangsters". One would also think he owed it to much of his own Labour Party to appraise them of this fact, of which Labour M.P.'s like Ken Livingstone seem blissfully unaware.

Be that as it may, such dismay is a little naive. Mandela does not avoid offending the Provoes, nor does he remark of Cuba, one of the planet's last, and nastiest, Communist dictatorships, that "There's one thing where that country stands out head and shoulders above the rest... that is in its love for human rights and liberty", because he is fresh from the bush, requiring a few words in his ear to set him straight from the likes of Kinnock, and Paddy Ashdown and the like. Although that is how they choose to paint him.

Mandela knows perfectly well what the Provisional IRA are. Just as he, and the 28 members of the South African Communist Party who dominate the ANC's 35-man National Executive, know what Cuba is, almost as well as they know what the African National Congress is. That's why Mandela says what he does. He won't condemn the IRA as murdering terrorist gangsters because he is one himself.

The past of Mandela and the ANC is one of gangsterism, terrorism, and, as Mandela's wife Winnie should know especially well, murder. The future of Mandela, or of those such as Communist boss Joe Slovo, no negro he, who pull his strings, and the ANC is one of Communist tyranny and totalitarian dictatorship, if they get the chance, of course.

There are slight differences: because the ANC faces security forces whose hands are less tied than those who have been prevented for twenty years from confronting the IRA, its terrorist campaign has been less effective. On the other hand, it has on occasion been nastier. No IRA leader's wife has openly gloated as Mandela's has, about burning dissident members of their own community alive. Nor, for all their faults, does the pro-IRA community up the Falls Road, unlike the pro-ANC one in Soweto, indulge in human sacrifice and unspeakable black magic rites.

But such differences sink into nothing beside the overwhelming similarity between the ANC and the IRA, between Gerry Adams and Nelson Mandela. Both are terrorists, murderers and gangsters. Both hate our country, our people and our race. Both seek to impose evil and the dying creed of Marxist totalitarianism on their lands. Mandela is no more a hero than Gerry Adams. To this day he supports 'the armed struggle', his phrase, and the Provoes' for a campaign of terrorist murder.

Mandela and Adams, the IRA and the ANC, stick together because they are birds of a feather. They know that. It's time everyone else did too.

The Untapped Resource

IN MID-APRIL a photo-copied letter was sent to a number of local newspapers, up and down the country. It purported to come from a Mr Andrew Williams, a would-be author with no "political axe to grind". The cutting below is taken from a North London newspaper, who reproduced 'Mr Williams' missive in full, in their correspondence columns.

Readers of this letter will notice that the address given is that of *Vanguard* magazine, an odd address for someone with 'no political axe to grind' to use. So what is going on? Is *Vanguard* engaged in an ingenious, if underhand, campaign to find out the identities and addresses of those with strong opinions on the subject of immigration? The answer to that is a strong and emphatic NO!

On behalf of this magazine I should like to make it clear that we have no knowledge of 'Mr Andrew Williams', and have never given consent for this magazine's address to be used to solicit the opinions of members of the public in this way. Nor would we ever do so. Mr Williams is, in short, a phoney, and this letter a con. As far as I can tell about seven or eight local newspapers fell for 'Mr Williams' glib appeal, and published his letter.

What his motivations were one can only guess. But if he thought to embarass usperhaps seeking 'Front in conthe public outrage' type headlines - then he must have been greatly disappointed. The only significant consequence of the Williams letter has been the response to it from the British public - and significant that certainly has been.

Just one small letter, published in a few obscure local newspapers - the *Penrith Herald*, the *Swindon Advertiser* etc. Would anyone notice it, would anyone reply at all? In fact PO Box 634 has been bulging at the seams of late, with mail generated by the non-existent Mr Williams - as this issue goes to press the number of letters received is well into three figures, and climbing steadily.

SIGNIFICANT

And the contents of these letters is as significant as their volume. The William's letter itself is exceedingly unbiased - it does not solicit specifically pro- or anti-immigration opinions. But the response was far from unbiased - virtually all those who wrote in were opposed to the mass Afro-Asian settlement that has taken place in Britain.

To be more specific: about 10% of the letters that were sent to PO Box 634 expressed no, or contradictory, opinions. Only a handful of letters have come in from people actually praising mass coloured immigration: like that from a lady who wanted "a mix of every type of person in every street"-she then described herself as a 'fervent' supporter of the Labour Party, a Guardian reader and a

Jewess. Well I suppose we all have our problems . . .

In only one instance did we receive a letter from an apparently British person praising multi-racialism.

So what of the rest, the remaining 85-90%? Well broadly they divided in roughly equal numbers into two camps, which might be termed the 'soft' and the 'hard' opponents of immigration.

The soft epitomised the "I'm not a racialist, but . . .' brigade. They were at pains to emphasise that they had nothing to do with any extremist politics, and had nothing against coloured immigrants themselves, of course, but alas so many other people do, and multi-racialism just isn't going to work, it will end in violence etc, etc.

The soft opponents also emphasised the non-racial case against immigration - many people commented on the ecological havoc that further mass-immigration would cause - specifically to the remnants of the green belt in the South East.

The hard opponents were more honest and forthright in their opinions. Amongst older writers the view was frequently expressed that politicians had betayed their wartime sacrifice, by permitting the 'invasion' -as most put it - of Africans and Asians. Time and time again the viewpoint was expressed that such a massive settlement threatened the very identity of the British people - "It's not the country I was born in", "My home town's not British anymore".

IGNORED

Many writers wrote to the effect that this was the first time anyone had asked their opinions on immigation: that politicians simply ignored the opinions of ordinary people was a common complaint. As one

couple wrote, immigration "is a matter of much concern and heated discussions

by Tom Acton

amongst our families, friends and working colleagues, to a degree which we do not think any political or racial party realises."

The letters sent in reply to 'Mr Williams' surely represent just a very small tip of a large iceberg of submerged public opinion, which no Nationalist party has - yet - succeeded in mobilising.

Like the British public as a whole few of those who wrote to PO Box 634 were deeply political. Like the British public as a whole they were ordinary, respectable people; few of them would have any sympathies for 'extremist' politics. Rather they had an instinctive, deep-rooted patriotism, and are very sincerely worried at the threat to this country, and future generations of British people, posed by mass immigration.

UNTAPPED RESOURCE

At present I doubt if more than a small handful of those who wrote in would seriously consider voting for a racial nationalist party. Yet they remain an untapped resource, an unharvested field, a potential mass support base for the first Nationalist party that can present itself to them in the right light. Perhaps this is one of the reasons for the success of Le Pen in France - he has succeeded in building a party with which the ordinary patriotic Frenchman and woman can identify.

In conclusion: we remain less than impressed with the anonymous 'Mr Williams' for the shabby trick he has played on hundreds of people. However his activities appear to have done little harm - rather they have only helped to illustrate, once again, the vast reservoir of potential support that there is for a serious patriotic movement in Britain.

Seeking your views on subject of immigration

COULD I through the columns of your newspaper, ask your readers to assist me in some basic research that I am undertaking?

I am in the throes of completing a book on the subject of contemporary Britain which, if all goes well, will be published early next year.

I am currently investigating

the often emotive subject of immigration and its impact, real or not-so-real, on the lives of ordinary Britons.

In order to attempt a full analysis and evaluation of the subject matter, I require as many personal opinons as possible.

In particular, I would be most interested to have your reader's views on the Government's proposal to issue 50,000 passports to Hong Kong residents.

I should stress that I have no 'political axe to grind' and am interested only in obtaining as diverse a selection of opinion as possible for the purpose of research.

Naturally all correspondence will be treated as con-

fidential.

Andrew Williams, PO Box 634, Hove, East Sussex, BN3 5FZ.

* 85% of those who replied said NO! to immigration.

ULSTER: For A Lasting Peace

Q.: Where does the NF stand on Ulster?

A.: 100% behind the Loyalist community. Ulster is as much an integral part of Britain as Kent.

Q.: Does that mean the NF is a Protestant party?

A.: The NF has no policy on religion, which we leave to the conscience of individual members. As far as we are concerned, the conflict in Ulster is, at root, not about religion but about nationality. It is a conflict between one community proud of its British nationality and one that rejects that in favour of a non-British, "Irish", nationality.

Since we are British nationalists, we obviously support the British community. As indeed any entity credibly describing itself as a British Government ought to our mind equally obviously to do. Although Ulster's Orange folk culture, music and so on is a valuable part of these cultures of our British nation, the fact that most of those who are proud of their British identity happen to be Protestant by religion and most of those rejecting that identity happen to be Roman Catholics is to our mind beside the point.

We regard religious sectarianism as an irrelevance which only confuses the issue as far as the rest of the British people on the mainland are concerned. As far as we are concerned, anyone, regardless of religion, who is ethnically British (which includes, whether they accept the fact or not, the peoples of the whole island of Ireland) and regards themselves as such as being British, is entitled to equality of opportunity with any other Briton.

Having said this, we are aware of, and condemn, those elements of the Irish Catholic hierarchy, such as the late Cardinal O'Fiach, who give aid, comfort and support to Irish Republicanism, a condemnation which is of political, rather than religious, origin.

Q.: How do these worthy sentiments translate into practical policies? What does the NF think should actually be done in Ulster today?

A.: The immediate priority is to defeat the IRA. An objective we, unlike all other nationwide British political parties, believe to be entirely militarily possible, given the will to win. Lacking this, there is no prospect of Conservative or even more so Labour Governments defeating the terrorists, as Tory Secretary of State Peter Brooke has admitted.

Currently a farcical situation exists whereby well-known active IRA terrorists are allowed to walk the streets freely, and are even kept from British Social Security funds as they pursue their career of



SPOTLIGHT ON POLICY will be a continuing series of articles in Vanguard, looking at various aspects of National Front policies. This first article by the NF Policy Department looks at Ulster.

murdering British people. At the same time, notorious unrepentant IRA terrorists, such as Gerard Kelly the 1973 Old Bailey bomber, are simply released on completing ludicrously lenient prison sentences, in the full knowledge that they will, and do, simply rejoin the ranks of active killers and bombers (Kelly for example is now believed by British Intelligence to be coordinating target selection for the Provoes' current European terror campaign).

The NF, in contrast, demands a drastic tightening up of security plicy, including the death penalty for IRA terrorists and a ban on that part of the IRA terror machine called "Provisional Sinn Fein"; the ending of the Anglo-Irish Agreement and serious political, economic and other pressure on the Dublin regime to cease harbouring known IRA terrorists; tight controls including a physical barrier on the Anglo-Irish border; segregation for Loyalist prisoners; and a full judicial enquiry into four jailed Loyalists, the "Armagh Four", in particular, whom we believe may have been the victims of a miscarriage of justice.

Ideally we would want - and as the only nationwide Loyalist political party we are the only Loyalist group which could ever achieve that Government office needed to implement - the arrest and trial by summary courts-martial, with power to impose the necessary penalty of all known IRA activists, and supporters, including those in "Provisional Sinn Fein". Measures similar to those employed successfully to crush the IRA in Southern Ireland in 1922-23 by the predecessors of the present Dublin government, in fact!

We would also be prepared to employ

British special forces to deal with known IRA terrorists sheltering in foreign countries which refuse to extradite them. Our aim would be to smash the IRA, regardless of the predictable bleatings of orchestrated "world opinion", opinion not to us worth a single innocent British life.

Q.: But surely all these policies would do is exacerbate grievances among the Republican population in Ulster? The IRA might indeed be beaten for the present, but simmering resentment among that population would sooner or later boil over in another terrorist campaign. As it has in successive generations since modern Ulster was established in 1920. Remember the Republican population is growing faster than, and will one day outnumber, the Loyalist one.

A.: All these are valid points. Which is why, alone among Loyalist groups, the National Front goes beyond the immediate necessity of smashing the IRA to demand a permanent solution to the Ulster conflict. That solution is based on that adopted by the then British Government to solve the overall nationalities problem in the whole island of Ireland in 1920.

Recognising that the root of that problem is the existence on that island of two perceived national traditions, British and Irish, a Westminster Government wiser than its modern successors rendered a "judgement of Solomon" and divided the island between them.

For those desiring to remain British, that part of the island in which most of them lived, the present Northern Ireland, was kept British. For those seeking an independent Irish state, one encompassing the rest of the island was created.

It was anticipated, clearly, that this would essentially satisfy both sides and that those living on the "wrong" side of the new border relative to their perceived national identity would either accept the situation or move to the "right" side. Which the British community in Southern Ireland did.

The Irish community in Northern Ireland did not, and after seventy years of subversion and intermittent terrorism from some of them it is time, in our view, to compel them to do so. Accordingly, the National Front, believing that no one not British, nor wanting to be British (or at least a member of a component British entity, e.g. Scotland or Wales), should be permitted to dwell permanently on British soil, would take steps to remove the Irish community in the British sector of the island of Ireland, Ulster, to their own side of the Border. Those resident in Northern Ireland who refused to publically aver their British identity would lose their British citizenship.

They would subsequently be removed to the Irish side of the Border. Ideally, this process would be carried out by amicable agreement with the government in Dublin, and attended by a substantial aid programme to resettle and provide homes and jobs for the resettled Irish on their side of the Border. But carried out it would be, regardless of the numbers involved.

Hopefully, the number of hard-core Republicans who, pressed to the point in this way, would deny their British identity would be considerably smaller than the community whose allegiance the IRA and SDLP advocates of Irish conquest of Ulster currently claim. That is for them to decide as individuals.

It should also be stressed that all those choosing to stay British would enjoy total equality of rights: religious discrimination is divisive and abhorrent and must not be tolerated.

A SACRIFICE BETRAYED -Ulstermen - many of them volunteers answered the call to arms in two World Wars. But what have British Governments done for them, in their hour of need? Right - Ulster Volunteers in training, 1914.



It follows that we regard Ulster's Britishness as deriving from the 1920 Irish Settlement, and as dependent only upon the perceived national identity of that community, the avowedly British population of Ireland, for whom it was then set aside. As long as that community, the current Loyalist population, continues to regard itself as British, Ulster must remain British. Whether or not extraneous demographic factors lead to that British community being one day outnumbered in Ulster by a community avowing itself Irish, a community which as such should not be in Ulster in the first place, is to us quite irrelevant. Except in so far as it means more people to be deported from Ulster when the 1920 Settlement's implementation receives its long overdue completion! As long as the Loyalists want it to be, Ulster is British forever!

In conclusion, the question of the institutional arrangements for the governance of British Ulster within the United Kingdom is one we leave entirely to the people concerned, the British people of the Province. Obviously, in order to remain in Britain in any meaningful way, certain matters such as defence and foreign policy must be decided by the national Parliament in London.

But beyond that whether Ulster be totally integrated with the rest of the U.K., or whether some form, and what form, of local government be devolved to the Province as such, is one we would leave entirely to the local community to decide. As indeed we would leave the corresponding question in Scotland, Wales and the English Regions. In principle, we favour the devolution of power over their own lives as far as possible to local communities. But how this is done is for them to decide for themselves.

O.: All this may be very well in theory. But what, in practice, does the NF offer the Loyalist people of Ulster and their struggle?

A.: On the mainland, we offer the only UKwide political party campaigning unremittingly in their support. For 23 years we have backed the Loyalist Cause,

arquing Ulster's case the length and breadth of Britain. More than that, whilst we are a lawful, democratic political party we have always had a policy of physically opposing the IRA and their supporters wherever they manifest themselves on the mainland.

Our view is that murderers and their supporters have no rights. Hundreds of NF members have been arrested, fined and jailed fighting the IRA's supporters in the streets of the British mainland. It is an honourable record which we hope Loyalists in Ulster will appreciate.

Recently, for example, our Administration Officer, Tina Wingfield, received nationwide TV and newspaper publicity for physically confronting IRA mouthpiece Gerry Adams at a Labour Conference fringe meeting in Brighton. In the battle for Ulster. the NF reaches the parts other Loyalist groups, based in the Province or, primarily, amongst traditional Loyalist Scots and Merseyside communities, cannot reach.

In the longer term, we are the only Loyalist organisation which campaigns for national power and which could under any circumstances actually achieve Government in Westminster, a Government which alone can permanently win Ulster's

In Ulster, we offer Loyalists the chance to support the work of a nationwide, rather than Provincial, Loyalist party, with a comprehensive programme of economic, social, foreign and other policies. Indeed, we are, and since our foundation in 1967 always have been, the only UK-wide political party Ulster residents are welcome

Q.: What is the NF's attitude to other Loyalist groups and parties?

A.: We see ourselves as complementing, not rivalling, the work of these groups. In Ulster NF members are entirely free to hold dual membership of other Loyalist bodies, including political parties. As the NF grows in the Province, its Branches there, apart from disseminating the NF message through meetings and sale of our literature, will be encouraged to support the work of other Loyalist groups.

In particular, we would not wish to split the Loyalist vote, and would seek to stand local and eventually Parliamentary candidates only as a result of agreements with the branches of other Loyalist groups affected, whose candidates in other areas we would of course then endorse, support

and campaign for.

Q.: What about Loyalist paramilitaries?

A.: The National Front is a lawful, democratic political party. As such, we expect our members to operate in a lawful, democratic manner. NF members who involve themselves in unlawful paramilitary activities render themselves liable to disciplinary action for bringing the Party into disrepute and endangering our own legality as an entity.

However, we understand the resolve of many in Ulster to take action to defend our country themselves in a situation in which those whose job it is to do this, our soldiers and policemen, are prevented from doing so by Government dictates. Whilst unreservedly and absolutely condemning the sectarian murder of ordinary members of the public because of their religion, it is impossible to condemn the execution of known IRA terrorists whether carried out by the security forces or other persons.

But it is our view that only a political victory nationally at Westminster, which the NF alone of Loyalist bodies seeks to achieve, can in the long run safeguard Ulster and render paramilitary bodies unnecessary.

Q.: Having explained what the NF does to support Loyalists, what can Loyalists do to support the NF?

A.: Join our ranks, buy our literature and sell or distribute it in their local communities or Loyalist organisations, explain our role and nature to Loyalists who may not yet appreciate these.

Additionally, the NF is prepared to supply representatives to address Loyalist meetings and explain who we are and what we do. Above all, remember that we are 100% on your side. Our Cause is Ulster's Cause, our victory will, once and for ever, be Ulster's Victory!

WHO RUNS BRITAIN'S LIE MACHINE?

DR. PAUL Josef Goebbels (1897-1945), a journalist, joined the Nazi party in its early days and was given control of propaganda in 1929. Four years later he was made Minister of Propaganda and from then on, until the end of World War II, waged his own highly successful battle to further the aims of the Third Reich.

He brought all cultural and educational (including news) activities completely under Nazi control and built up sympathetic movements abroad to carry on the 'war of nerves' against Hitler's intended victims. In those pre-television days the entire German media of newspapers, magazines and radio were his to command. Facts were suppressed or distorted to suit the Nazi purpose. The result was that the bulk of the German people knew only what he wanted them to know. Even the Allies reluctantly admitted that, in his own field, the little doctor was a genius.

Now, forty-five years on, we in Britain are being subjected to a propaganda campaign of which Goebbels himself

might have been proud.

In a recent Clive James show on television, the highly respected Professor Roger Scruton (who is described as "a representative of the Articulate New Right" - whatever that means) clashed in head-to-head confrontation with a leading Muslim. During the discussion Prof. Scruton asserted that media censorship

exists in Britain - in context this being taken to mean that the censorship was aimed at keeping the truth about mass immigration and as consequences from the British people.

This statement came as no surprise to thinking members of the National Front, who long ago arrived at the same conclusion. Indeed it is commonly believed that a government D-notice on immigration matters is in force. It is also believed that the National Union of Journalists has issued directives to its members never to portray the National Front in a sympathetic light.

I have to confess that, although I worked as a reporter with one of the country's principal news-disseminators, I never came across either. On the other hand, I'm talking about a period some twelve years ago, and I was not a member of the NUJ. Moreover, at that time, we still firmly believed that both sides of any argument could be freely and openly explored.

VAGUE STORIES

Over the last couple of years, armed with some knowledge of news presentation - and the intelligence to query media stories - I find myself in full agreement with Prof. Scruton's statement. Time and time again vague stories dealing with immigrants appear briefly in print or are given cursory mention on TV, only to die stillborn.

Let me give a few examples.

Recently there was an outbreak of

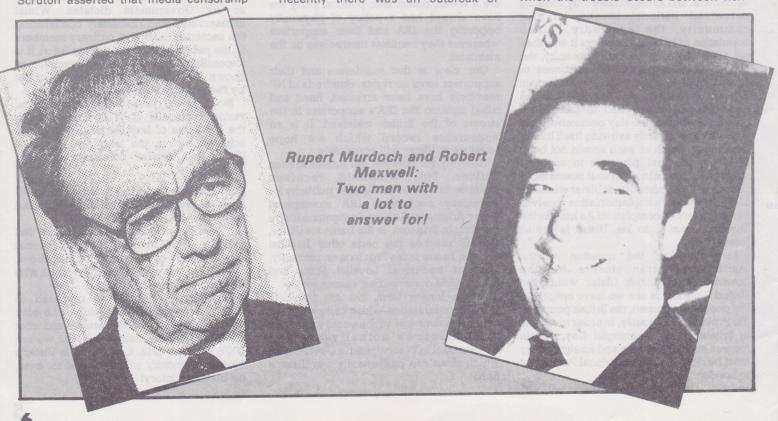
MICHAEL HEBDEN

violence in Bradford which, reportedly, involved a mob of about a hundred Asian youths in a stone-throwing siege of a terrace house. A force of some fifty police were needed to restore order, and a number of arrests have been made with, it was said, more to follow.

The story first surfaced in an ITN latenight bulletin, with the observation that the problem was 'not racial' and with a promise to give further details when available. This was followed by a vague front-page lead story in the *Yorkshire Evening Post* which carried the same statement about the trouble not being 'racist'.

In neither case was there any discernible follow-up, apart from a paragraph or so in the YEP about arrests having been made; and even then there was no information as to what were the charges being brought against the offenders. National dailies, as far as I could see, never mentioned the incident.

Now it seems to me that, had a hundred white youths rioted and needed fifty policemen to restore order, the press and television would have had a field day. Vide, for instance, the uproar about Leeds United supporters rioting at Bournemouth. And besides, consider the statement about the trouble not being racist. One is lead to assume that 'racist' problems only arise when there is a white-black confrontation. There is seemingly no question of racism when the trouble occurs between non-



whites Afro-Asian or Muslim-Indian or even internecine religious differences do not qualify.

BIASED

Take an even more glaring example of censorship and biased reporting. The BBC's treatment of the release of Nelson Mandela - exultant and hysterical - was greeted with the public condemnation it deserved, as was coverage of the same subsequent disgraceful worshipping of the same Mandela at the Wembley love-fest. Nonetheless, the BBC blithely pursues its self-appointed task of portraying Mandela and his black mobs as the saviours of mankind - not to mention the unashamed promotion of non-white interests everywhere.

On May 9th BBC 1 broadcast an hourlong 'investigative' programme under the title 'INSIDE STORY - South Africa's killing Ground.' This programme, dealing with the conflict between Inkatha and the ANC, which has allegedly resulted in the deaths of 3000 people over the last five years, unequivocally laid the blame on Chief Buthelezi's followers. Not only that, it openly accused the South African police of actively supporting the Inkatha. In interview after interview, tearful bereaved black women testified that both SAP and Inkatha murderers had rampaged through the township streets, shooting indiscriminately at innocent by-standers and children. Earnest white 'observers' and missionaries gravely supported these horror stories.

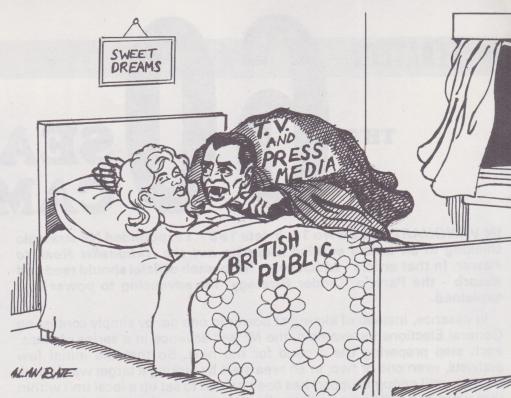
To refute the allegations, the programme included a few seconds of denials by Inkatha leaders whom it had already accused of being murderers and tyrants. In this way, the statements were totally negated.

This revealing production was described in the Radio Times as a Twenty Twenty TV production for the BBC.' Whoever 'Twenty Twenty' may be, they did a superb hatchet job. Not surprisingly, they never mentioned Mandela's avowal to continue 'the armed struggle'. The programme stated with plausible but questionable accuracy that, since they are unable to get action from the South African police in response to all this Inkatha-inspired mayhem, ANC supporters are forced to resort to terrorism themselves by way of retribution and self-defence. There was, of course, no mention of the infamous 'necklace' killings or that Winnie Mandela herself is suspected of complicity in at least one murder.

Altogether, the programme could not have been more one-sided if it had been written and filmed and directed by the ANC's own Public Relations Department.

One wonders, without too much conviction, if the BBC would have given an hour-long, peak-time exposure to a similar programme presenting the viewpoint of the South African police or Inkatha.

There is little point in continuing to expand this account of biased and misleading media treatment of the entire



"I'only have one aim in life, and that is infecting unsuspecting people with my foul promulti-racial views".

black-white power struggle - for such it undoubtedly is. One inescapably comes back to the same conclusion, namely, that there is a national conspiracy to conceal or distort the truth in the hope that the British public will ultimately be brainwashed into acceptance of the insane theory of multiracialism.

I feel, though, that to round off this alarming picture of a Britain under propaganda siege it is necessary to add a few comments about the country's leading advocates and enforcers of "pluralism" - the Commission for Racial Equality.

To be fair to the media, this monstrous organisation - which exhibits some of the worst characteristics of the Spanish Inquisition and the Gestapo - comes in for a great deal of criticism. Numerous articles and readers' letters have called for its abolition. The fact that the Government (or to be more accurate, the tax-payers of this land) fork out an annual £17-m to help perpetuate its activities is severely criticised. There is the suggestion (unspoken of course) that the CRE is the most racist power in the country, with its spleen directed solely at the white members of the population.

SWIPE

At the same time, in writing in this way, some journalists cannot resist the temptation to swipe at the National Front, and thus, indirectly, at anyone who does not whole-heartedly support the theories of pluralism and integration.

Columnist Richard Littlejohn of *The Sun* recently wrote a piece in which he rightly lambasted the CRE and pointed out that it is futile to attempt to cover up inter-racial differences between various immigrant groups. He mentioned the fact that

Muslims refer contemptuously to Africans as 'monkeys', and that West Indians frequently go out on 'Paki-bashing' forays. He accused the CRE of stupidity in prosecuting whites for minor contraventions of the Race Relations edicts.

But he was careful to add this viciously gratuitous comment: 'It only serves to inflame racism and provide additional ammunition for the scum of the National Front'.

All the foregoing brings me back to my initial comments about Dr. Goebbels.

We know that the media generally is dominated by lefties and liberals whose main aim in life appears to be to wage war on their own, to propagate the welfare of non-whites at whatever cost. We know successive Governments have lied and distorted the truth about immigration and its consequences. We know that nobody will listen to the voice of commonsense or heed the will of the people, and that nationalism is nowadays considered to be a more heinous crime than mass murder.

But how is this propaganda campaign of deceit, half-truths and downright lies co-ordinated? Is it merely the result of an unwitting conspiracy between the hacks of the media and the cynical fools in Government, terrified of international opprobrium and intent only on their own self-preservation?

Or does there exist a secret Ministry of Propaganda with its all-powerful supremo. Britain's own shadowy Dr. Goebbels?

Your opinions wanted: is the news in Britain actively 'managed', or is there a more innocent opinion? Write to the Vanguard letters page.

SEAT CAMPAIGN

IN VANGUARD ISSUE No 14, in late 1987, I expounded NF strategic thinking in an article entitled Mapping out the Nationalist Road to Power. In that article - which every NF branch official should read and absorb - the Party's 'Ladder Strategy' for advancing to power was explained.

In essence, instead of aiming at power in one go, by simply contesting General Elections for example, the NF will advance in a series of steps, each step preparing the ground for the next. So that the initial few activists, even one or two, in an area start by picking a target ward, work on that until enough support has been gained to set up a local unit within that ward and build up a local candidate for the ward, who can then hope to gain a credible council vote. They would do the same in all the wards of the Parliamentary Constituency, building up the best ward candidate as the Prospective Parliamentary Candidate, who would then hope to save his or her deposit (ie poll 5% or more) at the next parliamentary election in the seat and so on.

Until this level of support had been reached - after between three and five years sustained local effort, on the NF's past experience - as I put it "it's pointless to fight seats otherwise, usually 5 saved deposits are worth 50 1% polls". But now the Party has announced its intention to fight not 50 but 60 seats at the next General Election, when in almost all these seats local units are not remotely at the step of the ladder at which they can realistically hope to save their deposits. Fifty extremely modest polls are the likely consequence, at a cost of over £25,000 in lost deposits alone. What on earth, members and supporters may ask, is going on? Has the NF abandoned its overall strategy, or is it incapable of following it?

NEITHER

The answer is neither. It comes from a factor which any workable strategy must be prepared to take into account, indeed take advantage of - circumstances and opportunities encountered unexpectedly in the course of implementing the strategy. In this case the discovery that the observation back in the very first issue of Vanguard by Tom Acton and myself that "We are Britain's most popular party - it's just that our supporters don't know it yet!" isn't quite right. It has become clear over the last 18 months or so that a surprising number of our supporters do know it yet. What they don't know is how to convert their support into action by joining the NF, because, like 90% of the British public at least, they won't know where the NF is. In some cases, they don't even know if the NF still isl



NATIONAL FRONT has targetted sixty seats it wants to fight at the next General Election. To contest these seats effectively will require a major investment by the party, in both money and manpower.

But is it worth the effort? Steve Brady explains why the party will be mounting such a major campaign.

Once they find out, they join. Since June 1989, the paid up membership of the National Front has tripled - possibly the fastest growth in our Party's history. This growth in turn has been reflected in a massive enhancement of the Party's resources. For the first time in over fifteen years, the NF not only doesn't owe anybody anything, it actually has very considerable financial reserves. The income generated by the party's rapid growth has also enabled us to obtain a minibus, a fax machine to send our Press statements quickly and comprehensively to all the relevant media in minutes, a state-of-theart office computer for Party Administration, and a number of other goodies which will be revealed in due course.

Also extremely heartening is the calibre of the recruits. Instead of consisting simply of hordes of unemployed White youths some of whom proved valuable recruits but many of whom, identifying themselves with popularly unacceptable youth cults, exacerbated the Party's image problem the new influx reflects a broad spectrum of the general public. Not just keen young university and college students, but significant business, professional and even media people, whose identities we shall keep strictly under wraps but who are already rendering sterling service where they are (the problem actually is to stop publically well-known individuals compromising themselves by going on activities and out leafletting as they earnestly desire to dol)

COMPLEX

The reasons for this phenomenon are complex and deep-rooted, too much so to be explored here. The phenomenon itself in fact goes back some years. From about 1984 the Party has been trying, despite it s own efforts at one stage, to enter an explosive growth phase similar to that in the early and mid-1970's. In 1985, for example, membership doubled. However, the massive disruptions internally of 1986, led to the NF turning inward for a while, as well as presenting a confused public face. Now that this has totally been resolved, the growth curve begun in late 1984 has been resumed. We appear to be definitely on our

All very heartening, the reader may at this point observe, but what has all this to do with suddenly reversing our General Election campaign strategy?

The answer comes from debriefing the new recruits. Over and over again, the same message comes out: "I have been looking for you lot for ages", "I would have joined long before, but I couldn't find you", 'If I'd known you were still going, I'd have signed up years ago" and so on. Clearly, if we can publicise our existence and address, we can massively recruit among people who would already join, if only they could. People we need, if we are to be serious about implementing the overall ladder strategy, currently handicapped by the right sort of manpower - and womanpower - power that, frustratingly, is clearly out there waiting to join, if they can only find usl

In the old days, the Party might have addressed this problem of low visibility to its target audience by "crashing its way into the headlines". Seeking publicity, any publicity, at any price. But today's seasoned, more politically mature leadership has learned from our mistakes in the past. Any publicity is NOT better than no publicity.

Instead, the NF plans to use the opportunity afforded by the democratic process in the General Election to make its presence visible again, to conduct a massive trawl through a new generation of young recruits, and indeed older people who have in the last few years finally decided that something must be done to stop the rot in our country. Waters unfished since 1983, when the Party was at the very nadir and depth of its image, morale and composition problems. Waters we can now scour with the best nets we have ever cast forth.

Another heartening development, not always noticed by new members, is that the Party's propaganda output is easily the best in terms of regularity and quality in our 23-year history - place a Flag or a leaflet from today next to their 1977 counterparts, which additionally appeared less frequently, and you will see the point at once. What the Party has at last done is what one of its leading critics, former Battersea Labour MP Alf Dubs, rightly observed in the 1970's it had never quite succeeded in doing - "got its act together". Now we're ready to put the show on the road.

NEW MEMBERS

When we dipped our toe in the waters we now propose to fish - the Martin Wingfield Euro-election campaign in the West Midlands last year - the eventual result was not only new members in the area, but also the recruitment of members in a position to put substantial money, as well as time, into the party locally. That not votes - is the aim of the Sixty Seat Campaign.

The ladder strategy is aimed at increasing the share of overt, poll-deliverable public support we will enjoy. The Sixty Seat Election is aimed at something we must do first - mobilising the degree of such support we already enjoy. Modest as that is - although recent local election polls have manifested a rise by a factor of up to three in Nationalist votes, another sign of the coming tide running our way - it is not negligible in terms of potential members.

Let us, for the sake of example, suppose that the NF has a hard-core voting strength, nationally, of 0.75% of the electorate (a low estimate, if anything, today at least). Let us suppose that only one in ten of those would join the NF, if the NF thrust itself to his or her notice (as by an election address or TV broadcast), that is a mere 0.075% of the British electorate.

In fact, a ratio of one member to ten voters is actually lower than we have seen in some bye-elections in recent years! But even so, 0.075% of the electorate, of thirty million voters, is 22,500 NF members! We

do not reveal our membership figures, but that figure exceeds the highest media estimates of our strength at the highest points of our electoral and street power, in the 1970's. It is a figure we can hope to mobilise **before** we begin to increase our share of public support, **before** we begin to climb our strategic ladder out of the electoral ghetto. A ladder which will be stronger, and broader, the more who participate in building it.

It is that mobilisation, or sometimes remobilisation, of existing NF support at which our General Election campaign is aimed. With over a million election addresses kindly distributed for us by the Post Office (and this time we don't even have to address the envelopes!), and a five minute TV and radio broadcast (being worked on now, unlike every previous NF broadcast hastily cobbled together after polling day was announced), we expect that campaign to go a long way toward that initial target. Votes are not the main issue this time. Not that they should be ignored.

Again the NF must - and will - for the first time do what the other parties do and start campaigning long before the poll is announced. Branches should adopt their candidates now, seek local publicity for them now (even just letters from the Prospective NF Parliamentary Candidate in the local paper regularly), build up door-to-door sales rounds in the target seats now,

start as part of that canvassing now.

As with everything in today's NF, this campaign depends for its success on the Branches. If they fail, it will fail. If they pull their weight, it will succeed, and they will reap the rich dividend of existing support waiting to be tapped.

Having reaped that dividend, having made the most of the support we already have, support now evidently more willing than for years to manifest itself in joining our ranks, given the chance, we can then proceed to increase that support, through the Party's established ladder strategy. A strategy until now seriously slowed down purely by lack of suitable personnel to implement it. The very lack the Sixty Seat Campaign is aimed at remedying.

Once we have fought that campaign, and reaped that harvest of existing potential members, speeded up in one fell swoop what is already one of the fastest growth phases in our history, a bigger, stronger NF, with all the resources that growth will have placed in our hands, will be ready to really get the ladder strategy working.

Out there there are thousands, perhaps tens of thousands, waiting to join the National Front. Our task in the next Election is to give them a chance to do so. Then, seasoned activist and keen recruit alike, together we can build the ladder to power!

FIGHTING FUND

A FIGHTING Fund for the General Election has been launched by the National Directorate of the National Front.

Money donated to this fund will be placed in a deposit account and kept totally separate from any other monies raised by the NF.

The purpose of this Fund is twofold.

Firstly it will be used to produce an Election Broadcast for the General Election. The amateurish efforts of previous elections have no place in our businesslike Party of today.

Secondly the fund will be used to ensure that any last minute hitches that may occur with regard to obtaining the 60 candidates can be ironed out immediately and do not hinder the NF's election effort.

Please give generously to this fund and its running total together with the names of those who have donated will be published each month in *The FLAG*.

It's Our	Country	y - Let's	Win it E	Back!
The Natio				

Please find enclosed my donation of General Election Fighting Fund.	f £ to the National Front's
NAME	
ADDRESS	

Please send this slip together with you donation to The Election Department, P.O.Box 230, Worthing, Sussex BN14 8EG.

The Case Against 'Foreign Aid'

THE NATIONAL FRONT has alway argued that British and other White Western taxpayers' money spent on foreign aid to backward Third World countries is a diversion of resources needed to help our own

needy - "charity begins at home" - and is largely wasted.

Now former strong supporters of foreign aid such as Friends of the Earth are coming around to our view. Indeed they go further and say that foreign aid is actually harmful to the recipient countries and to our common global environment. To see why it is worth taking a closer look at the facts and figures of foreign aid.

British Government foreign aid is spent through two agencies: the Overseas Development Agency, a Government Dept & the World Bank, an international organisation. Such is the cumbrousness of the bureaucracy involved in the aid industry that the latest figures available relate to 1986. In that year, Britain gave US \$1,667 million in foreign aid, 0.29% of our entire Gross National Product.

Since 1974, the Third-World-dominated United Nations has been demanding that we more than double this to 0.7%! Of that money, which comes out of your pockets whether you like it or not, \$1,400 million is channelled via the ODA, the rest going straight to the World Bank. However, all our aid, like that of most advanced nations. is provided ultimately via the Paris-based Organisation for Economic Co-operation

and Development, the OECD. This has a Development Assistance Committee in charge of hand-outs. The DAC comprises Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, West Germany, the Irish Republic, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, the UK and the USA. The Common Market is also a DAC member in its own right and, as we shall see, is another channel whereby your money is given away to the Third World.

DAC member states' money is conducted to the Third World via the International Monetary Fund (IMF). founded in December 1945. Loans of money at interest, usually repayable within 20 years, from the IMF to Third World countries are offered and administered by the IMF's International Bank for Reconstruction and Development. the IBRD, originally set up to finance the rebuilding of war-torn Europe.

In November 1960, the IMF also set up the International Development Association, the IDA. This lends money, interest free over 50 years to poorer Third World countries with Gross National Products perhead under US \$790. The IBRD and IDA together make up the World

CRIPPLING BURDEN

Up to June 1988, the IBRD had issued at lucrative interest rates - 3063 loans totalling US \$169,236 million. Apart from the crippling burden of interest rates, which finance the IBRD's bloated staff

The Third World must learn to stand on its own two feet, argues STEVE BRADY.

head-count of 3356 employees around the world, the IBRD's practice since 1980 of refusing to lend money to finance specific projects but instead issuing "structural adjustment loans" - whereby the Bank tells the recipient country what economic policies it must adopt - is widely thought to benefit multinational corporations rather than the countries getting the loans.

The IMF also simply wastes a lot of money, money which comes ultimately out of your pocket, and the pockets of taxpayers across the civilized world. For example, at the 44th annual IMF/World Bank conference in Washington in September 1989, the 10,000 delegates from the IMF/WB's 152 member states managed to live it up at 700 social functions in a single week, boozing and scoffing their way through US \$10 million of taxpayers money.

However, the international aid bureaucrats can well afford to party. In the 1986-87 financial year, DAC members, comprising 18 of the World's top economic powers, dished out US \$36,422 million in aid, 80.4% of the total world figure of US \$45,297 million. The biggest aid budgets were those of the US (\$9,124 million) and Japan (\$6.016 million).

Britain was eighth in the World aid table. Since 1975, the Common Market has also entered the handout league. 68 Third World countries benefit from the EEC Lome Convention, whereby their goods can enter the EEC, which means Britain too, free of 99.5% of Customs dues, without any obligation on their part to respond in kind

Since the Third Lome Convention was signed in Togo, West Africa (of which Lome is the capital) in 1984, the EEC has additionally handed out US \$9,940 million in aid, on top of what member countries like us have dished out separately. Under Lome IV, signed on 15th December last, another \$14,000 million of Common Market cash will be handed out to the Third World over the next five years. That's where your VAT goes, folks. . .

Yet all this dosh doesn't actually help the Third World countries at whom it is targeted. The World Bank's own 1988 World Development Report revealed that for all this over \$45,000 million in aid over the previous year, in 1987 there was an overall net transfer of resources away from the recipient countries.

The reason is simple - the interestbearing debt basis of the international financial system through which aid is channelled. In 1987, for example, the Third World made repayments of \$64,000 million toward the principal on their aid loans and \$55,000 million in interest payments, totalling \$119,000.

They also got deeper in debt to the tune of further development loans totalling \$90,000 million. So by the end of 1987 the only result of vast Western aid payments was to make the Third World \$29,000 million poorer. And saddle it with an overall debt of \$1,217,000 million by the end of 1987 - 39% of the combined Gross Domestic Product of the entire Third

World.

By the end of 1988 this burden of debt had risen to \$1,300,000 million. The response of the IMF was to set up a Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency to product their member countries' money from possible Third World defaults. Meanwhile in March 1989 US Treasury Secretary Nicholas Brady proposed a plan to "go easy" on debt repayments owed by 39 countries, all of them by some coincidence in Latin America or otherwise of strategic importance to the U.S., rather than, say, the poorest and least able to pay.

GUESS WHO?

Indeed, this strange aid targetting is evident from the table of the main recipients of aid from the Western DAC countries in 1986. Guess who the country is which got the most aid?

Ethiopia (GNP \$110 per head)? No - they came 12th. Tanzania (GNP \$210 per head)? No, they were 9th. Bangladesh (GNP \$140 per head)? Wrong again - they were 5th. First was (surprise! surprise!) the State of Israel - GNP \$6.350 per head and that's counting the Palestinian subject minority.

Israel got \$1,973 million of Western taxpayers' aid money, while Bangladesh got \$761 million. less than half, and poor starving Ethiopia had to make do with just \$401 million, a fifth what wealthy Israel got. But then, there are not too many ethnic Ethiopians sitting in the US Congress or British House of Commons!

Moreover, aid frequently induces the recipient countries to wreck their - and ultimately our - environment. For example, throughout the 1970's the US gave massive aid to the pro-American Somoza dictatorship in Nicaragua. The aid was provided to finance greater beef production, so that by 1979 Nicaragua had become Latin America's largest supplier of beef to the US.

In the process, during the 1970's a third of the Nicaraguan rainforest was hacked down for cattle pastures, on which cattle were raised to provide cheap beef for US hamburgers. Now the main rainforest destruction - boosting the greenhouse effect that menaces us all - is in Brazil.

200,000 square kilometres of Brazilian rainforest have been cut down in the last decade, because the Brazilian Government needs the cash from ruthless shortsighted exploitation of its natural resources to pay off the stupendous debt, \$115,000 million, foreign "aid" has landed it in. It is Western aid to the Third World which is thus the root cause of the destruction of the rain-forests. As Friends of the Earth have at last realised.

Even where Third World Governments actually get some control over the cash they receive, it seldom benefits their starving masses, much exploited by aid fundraisers to tug at Western guilt feelings. As IMF President Barber Conable admitted to the 1989 IMF/World Bank conference, the Third World spends 20% of its total GNP, \$200,000 million a year, four times the total it gets in foreign aid, on buying weapons for armies whose main role is staging military coups and butchering their own people.

Even where measures are taken to ensure Western aid isn't itself spent directly on guns rather than butter, it simply frees a corresponding sum to be so frittered away whilst the citizenry starves. Much other aid money is simply pocketed by corrupt Third World Governments and their officials.

Third World advocate John Sallnow, Senior Lecturer in Geography at Polytechnic South West made the point in

the June 1990 issue of the Royal Geographical Society's Geographical Magazine, speaking of Bob Geldof's 1985 Band Aid handout, provoked by the Ethiopian famine: "But who received the money (£130 million) donated largely by private individuals? Much ended up in the pockets of Ethiopian government officials who continued to live an affluent lifestyle. The starving and destitute received next to nothing".

WELL-MEANING WHITES

Twas ever thus: nice, well-meaning White people in rich countries put their money into the charity box so that nasty corrupt Black people in poor countries can stick it into Swiss bank accounts, build a new Presidential Palace or, if relatively unselfish, buy their soldiers some shiny new guns.

Not that Western aid workers in said poor countries set much of a shining example themselves. As Sallnow reveals, "Foreign aid workers are often like modern-day colonial administrators. They live in elegant bungalows where they can host cocktail parties for other aid workers. They have servants to cook and clean and tend their gardens." While their World Bank overlords jet about the globe in luxury and spend \$10 million n a week on entertainments for themselves.

So Western aid to the Third World isn't just spending money on foreigners when many of our own folk are in need. It enmeshes the countries on the receiving end in vast debt and leaves them poorer than they were in the first place. It finances projects which wreck their - and so our environment. It funds and thus

encourages corruption in their governments.

It is used to exert control over their economic, and sometimes, notably with US aid - and even more with the far more modest sums Russia used to "give" selected Third World clients - their political and military policies and alignments.

Finally, it is simply demeaning. Materially it promotes a culture of dependence and impedes Third World countries from standing on their own two feet and pulling themselves up by hard work as we did. Contrary to the myth, we did not become rich by exploiting them the Industrial Revolution on which our relative wealth is founded was over before the main colonial phase started, and indeed Western colonialism was largely motivated as far as Capitalists were concerned by a desire to invest the surplus wealth they already had.

So they should not expect to become less poor by exploiting us, and especially our widespread, though unjustified, guilt. And spiritually it degrades proud peoples to live out of a begging bowl, heard in the councils of nations solely as beggars constantly whining for alms. Which is why the NF would not want. Britain, however poor, to receive foreign aid any more than to give it.

Without thus getting off their knees and regaining their pride, the Third World nations will never amount to anything. They will always be poverty-stricken parasites, living on our cast-offs. They deserve better, as their own patriots are coming to realise.

EVILS

It is therefore not surprising that even those involved are coming to realise the evils of foreign aid. As Sallnow says, "The more honest workers for agencies such as Save The Children admit that if all foreign aid workers were repatriated by African governments along with so-called Western experts working for institutions like Britain's Overseas Development Agency, the net result would not be detrimental to the Africans - in fact, for some living standards might improve."

Similar thoughts, along with the damage foreign aid is doing to the Earth's environment, emerge from a new book, Exploited Earth: Britain's Aid and the Environment by Teresa Hayter, published by Earthscan Publications in association with Friends of the Earth.

Well, the National Front has said it all along. Foreign aid is bad for us, it's bad for them and now it seems it's bad for our world too. Now that other people are coming to see that too, it's about time we stopped it, before it does any more harm. There are, after all, lots of old ladies dying of hypothermia, little children growing up in poverty or subject to brutality and abuse, and youngsters sleeping in cardboard boxes, in our own country. That's where our compassion should go first, to our own . . .

What is Foreign Aid?

MOST PEOPLE think of "foreign aid" as being straightforward hand-outs. Rich Western countries simply handing cash to poor Third World countries. But this is not how most aid is provided. Most is lent, not spent. Over four-fifths of all the foreign aid provided each year is in the form of development aid loans, mostly from the World Bank.

Most of this money is stumped up by Western Governments from the pockets of their taxpayers and most of it not only has to be paid back by the recipient Third World countries but paid back at substantial rates of interest. When eventually repaid (if it ever is!) the money recovered usually goes to the World Bank, not to the taxpayers who originally paid for it.

The popular conception of "foreign aid" - moneys collected directly from the public in Western countries and given directly to Third World peoples, either as food handouts or to pay for tractors, hopsitals, etc. - administered by non-

Governmental organisations ranging from Oxfam and Christian Aid through Bob Geldof and Band Aid to the childrens' TV programme Blue Peter, actually makes up a small proportion of

the world aid budget.

Most aid is not given by individuals of their own free will but lent by Governments without asking the taxpayers who pay for it. Thus when leftist and liberal politicians demand that Britain "spends more on foreign aid" what they actually are demanding is that we lend impoverished Third World countries money at interest, getting them even deeper in debt than they are

They can, and do, use any additional loans to service the ones they already have. So the net result is to channel vast sums of money from the British taxpayer's pocket to the international banker's wallet. How this is supposed to feed starving people is not entirely clear.

FRANCE - The Front National Refuses to Die

On May 10th 1990 in a Jewish cemetery in the southern French town of Carpentras tombs were discovered to have been desecrated with anti-semitic slogans. Worse still, it was alleged, the body of a recently buried man had been disinterred and appallingly abused.

The event made headlines around the world. In reaction to the events some 40,000 protestors took to the streets of Paris to protest against this 'racist outrage', including the President of the Republic Francois Mitterand. Press, demonstrators and President were virtually unanimous in condemning the Front National for the attack - despite the total lack of evidence.

National Front members in Britain must have been reminded of the Heysel Stadium disaster when the media tried to pin the blame for the carnage at this football match on Britain's NF, even though a subsequent police investigation found the

party 'Not Guilty'.

The case against the Front National was just as flimsy. As Independent journalist Patrick Marnham wrote at the end of May "There have been several dozen cemeteries desecrated in France since Carpentras, almost all of them Catholic, and Mr Mitterand has not been demonstrating about any of these." French Nationalists pointed out that Islamic Arabs, or -as in the case of the recent Haifa cemetery outrage - militant Zionist agent provocateurs had more to gain from Carpentras.

But a lot of mud was thrown against the Front National. Would it stick? Would the people of France be indoctrinated with the belief that the FN were no better than cemetery-desecrating psychopaths? Would Carpentras be the burial ground of

French Nationalist hopes?

The answer is clearly a resounding NOI Indeed the FN may now be stronger than before, as more people than ever before see through the anti-Nationalist smear technique. Clear evidence of this comes from the Villeurbane cantonal polls during June - the first major electoral test for the Front National since Carpentras.

Villeurbane is a large suburb of Lyons. It has an electorate of over twenty thousand. It has traditionally voted for parties of the left, and is also faced with considerable Arab immigration. Prior to the first poll the local authorities had banned Jean Marie Le Pen, President of the Front National, from speaking publically in Villeurbane because of the Carpentras affair.

The first round of the cantonal polls took place on the 10th June, and the results shook all France - especially the right-wing parties. While the Socialists won the largest share of the votes - 37% - the Front National came second with 27% of the vote. This was, by a substantial margin, the highest ever FN vote in Villeurbane. The

The desecrated Carpentras cemetary: not the graveyard of French Nationalist hopes.



three right-wing parties who stood, Chirac's R.P.R., Giscard's U.D.F. and the Centre National des Independents (C.N.I.), won only 17% of the vote between them. No other party won over 10% of the poll.

As result of this vote only the Socialists and the FN went through to the second round of polling. All other parties were eliminated. The eliminated right-wing parties were left in disarray. The RPR sacked one of its leaders M Carignon for advising RPR supporters to vote socialist in the second poll, to keep the FN out. Then on the 13th June the President of the CNI advised his party's supporters to vote for the FN, to keep the socialists out. He was immediately suspended from provisional association with the RPR and the UDF.

The result of the second poll was: Socialists - 63%, Front National - 37%. This compares with a vote of only 14%, as recently as March 1989 in Villeurbane for the Front. The result, indeed the Villeurbane campaign as a whole, has highlighted a number of significant trends in French politics:-

Firstly - support for the FN is still growing at a significant rate. It is clear that the Carpentras affair has not harmed support for the party.

Secondly - unlike Britain the right is in disarray in France. With traditional right-

wing parties divided and squabbling many voters have clearly switched to the FN.

Thirdly - Algerian events still have a significant impact on French politics - Le Pen has been proved right once again when he predicted that the growth of Moslem fundamentalists there would lead to an increase in the numbers of Algerians trying to settle in France.

Fourthly - there are still an awful lot of undecided voters in France. The turnout for the first round of polling was little better than 25%, by the second round it was still under 40%. Le Pen does not need to convert socialists, or conservatives into Nationalists, to become President, he only has to win the support of those already disillusioned with establishment politics.

And lastly - the Front National candidate in Villeurbane was Pierre Vial, who is a Professor of Medieval Literature at the University of Lyons. He has been described as one of the visible parts of the 'academic iceberg' - the growing numbers of academics and professional people increasingly sympathetic to Nationalism, and the maintenance of France's identity as a European nation. The usual anti-Nationalist smear against the FN that it is made up of 'hooligans' etc no longer works

SWEDEN - Nationalists Advance

THE chickens of multi-racialism are well and truly coming home to roost in Sweden. 1990 has seen unprecedented racial violence between immigrants and patriotic Swedish youths. In one week alone, at the end of May, immigrant camps as far afield as Bona, Hasaleholm, Flen, Kolback and Laholm. In Laholm fifteen out of the sixteen barracks at the immigrant camp were destroyed. By mid-June the Swedish police were forced to put out messages by television warning immigrants they should stay inside to avoid attacks from Swedish citizens.

Fortunately however this upsurge of opposition to the Afro-Asian colonisation

of Sweden is also taking more constructive political forms. On the second of June some two hundred and seventy people attended a rally of the Swedish Democrats in Stockholm. This was one of the biggest Nationalist meetings in Sweden since the War.

The Swedish Democrats are believed to have almost 4,000 members - a significant amount when one considers the modest size of the Swedish population. They are currently distributing patriotic literature in huge quantities throughout Sweden, and are clearly developing into a major Nationalist force in the country.

CANADA: Remembering a Fallen Hero

ON OCTOBER 26th 1914 a man called William Hopkinson was buried in Vancouver in British Columbia, Canada. His funeral was the biggest that Vancouver had ever seen with over 2,000 people, their minds turned for a time from events in Europe.

Hopkinson, a fluent speaker of Hindi, Punjabi and Gumukhi, was to die in a bloody vendetta, which started a year before in the Ross Street Sikh Temple. Here in December 1913 a poem was read calling for the murder of Hopkinson and his collegues. President of the meeting Chahgan Kaira Varna is reported to have said he hoped 'someone would fix these men.'

That someone was Maira Singh, a Sikhradical. He shot Hopkinson six times and on hearing of his death replied 'then I am glad.'

Hopkinson's 'crime' was to be an Immigration Officer and Interpreter. It was his duty to attend Sikh meetings with a government stenographer who took down a verbatim translation supplied by Hopkinson.

During the course of his duties Hopkinson exposed a terrorist training school at Millside near New Westminster in 1907, a Sikh bomb factory in the same area a year earlier, and in 1914 another bomb factory in Victoria, British Columbia. He provided the information to the Federal Government, which led to the expulsion of Konagata Moora in 1914; and he opposed Sikh plans to force a Federal amnesty for illegal Sikh immigrants.

SIKH HERO

Maira Singh, who murdered Hopkinson as he was about to give testimony concerning Sikh terrorist activities in British Columbia was hanged. Today he is a hero of the Vancouver Sikh community and the Ross Street Temple has a special dining room named after him where his picture hangs in a place of honour. Sikhs across Canada and the United States observe the day that Maira Singh was hanged as a special anniversary.

Hopkinson, a much respected man at the time of his death, is now forgotten. You can look in vain the length and breath of British Columbia for a statue or a plaque to this Canadian hero. Doubtless the commemoration of Maira Singh and the dispatching of Hopkinson to the dustbin of history has much to do with the fact that the Sikh community of Canada has vastly increased over the years. International attention was drawn to this fact by the recent Sikh/Mountie row.

Even the Mounties, very much a symbol of Canada around the world, now have Sikh recruits. The replacement of the traditional Mountie hat with a turban has been too much for many right-thinking Canadians and a major uproar has ensued. One Calvary businessman began to produce badges saying 'Keep the Royal Canadian Mounted Police Canadian.' He quickly came under fire from the media and Sikh leaders, and one particular

liberal MP who demanded a prosecution under Canada's Race Act.

Canada has a particularly vicious Race Act and it is constantly being used to bludgeon racialist groups. It is impossible, for example, for the National Party of Canada to produce a newspaper, despite their proven electoral support in Toronto.

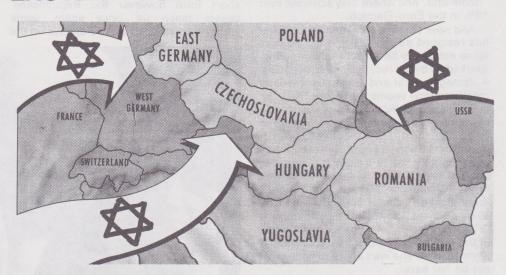
Hopkinson is however not forgotten by racial-nationalists in Canada. At least two societies exist to promote his memory. Canadian nationalists campaign for the work of Hopkinson to be recognised. They demand that Vancouver City Council erect a memorial

in his honour and declare the 21st of October 'William Hopkinson Day', They are busy petitioning the Federal Government to issue a postage stamp in honour of him.

It is important that campaigns such as this receive the support of White nationalists everywhere. The left has succeeded in making Martin Luther King Day a national holiday in the US and scores of roads and streets around the world are named afer the would-be terrorist Mandela. The left recognise the propaganda victories of these exercises. We must do the same.

KELVIN SANDERSON

EASTERN EUROPE: The New Masters



WHEN COMMUNISM came to Eastern Europe, borne on the bayonets of the Red Army in the late 1940's, one ethnic minority was disproportionately represented amongst the new regimes thus imposed. Matyas Rahesi in Hungary, Anna Pauker in Rumania, Hilde Benjamin in East Germany, Rudolf Slansky in Czechoslovakia, Jacob Berman in Poland, a host of lesser apparatchiks, minions and secret policemen, were Jews. As had been the case when Communism seized power in Russia, led by Bronstein, aka "Trotsky", Apfelbaum, aka "Zinoviev", Rosenfeld aka "Kemenev".

In subsequent decades, as communism established itself and began integrating itself with the nations upon which it had been thus roughly grafted, as had happened earlier in Russia itself, this ethnic element faded from the scene, to be replaced by regimes staffed by the indigenous population. Regimes that for all their shortcomings, were not without some healthy nationalist sentiments.

Now that those regimes in turn have been ousted, guess what racial group, despite its miniscule numbers in proportion to the natives, has once again risen to the top of the ferment?

In East Germany, with only 500 Jews out of 16 million people, one, Gregor Gysi, now leads the Party of Democratic Socialism, formerly the Communist Party. In Poland, with only 4400 Jews among 35 million Poles, a Jew, Bronislaw Geremek, heads the ruling Solidarity organisation's parliamentary foreign affairs committee, whilst another, Adam Michnik, edits Solidarity's daily paper, Gazeta Wyborcza. Prime Minister Tadeusz Maczowieski is rumoured to be of Jewish origin according to the London Jewish Chronicle of September 11th 1989.

In Czechoslovakia, of 8200 Jews amongst 15 million, one, Walter Komarek, is Deputy Prime Minister whilst the new President Vaclav Havel is also of Jewish origin.

In Hungary, 60,000 Jews amongst 11 million are evidently numerous enough to take over the country's second largest party, the Alliance of Free Democrats, to such a degree that its "Jewishness" was a major issue in the recent General Election, leading it is widely thought to the victory of the rival Democratic Forum amid allegations of "anti-Semitism".

In Rumania, the 21,500 Jews among 22 million Rumanians include the Prime Minister, Petre Roman, and leading theorist of the ruling National Salvation Front (aka the anti-Ceaucescu faction of the Communist Party) Professor Silviu Brucan. No doubt others of the same ilk will surface in the same area as the political turmoil goes on.

GERMANY: "Pardon me your slip is showing"

IT IS hard to believe that only eleven months ago, Franz Schönhuber, as chairman of the "Republicans", was at the pinnacle of his career as a politician. His party achieved a nationwide 7.5% in last year's European Election and the Republicans seemed unstopable. Since then however, much has happened that has worked against this hitherto successful, nationalist movement.

After several recent election disasters in Saarland, Lower Saxony and North Rhine-Westphalia, even the elections for the Bavarian parliament in October seem in danger of ending in defeat, and this in a state which is regarded as their "homeland" and where they achieved over 16% in the Euro-Election.

And now, to cap it all, Franz Schönhuber has resigned as chairman in the wake of some extremely bitter internal wrangling, sparked off by the recent election débâcles. A damaging split and subsequent loss of members now seems inevitable.

The most significant turn of events has of course, been the fall of communism in East Germany. This development, however much to be greeted, has unfortunately led to a dramatic swing in support towards the ruling conservatives under Chancellor Helmut Kohl. Kohl's "reunification" factor has proved to be every bit as powerful as Thatcher's "Falklands factor", which kept her in office at the 1983 General Election, just when it seemed likely she was about to be thrown out on her ears.

When one considers the Republicans had for many years, been virtually alone in their demands for German unity, while all the established parties were happy to live with and promote "two Germanies", supporting the corrupt communist régime of the G.D.R. with lavish amounts of credit then one can begin to understand the tremendous disappointment felt by the many thousands of conscientious, grassroots Republicans whose hard work in building up their party into a credible political force has seemingly been in vain.

So just what has suddenly gone wrong? Well, in addition to the historical events in East Germany, which at a stroke, stole the limelight from the issues which led to the Republicans rise, namely, immigration and law and order, the press has been predictably relentless in its attempts to discredit Schönhuber and drag his party

Stories of financial irregularities, infiltration by neo-nazis, luxury armoured limousines for Schönhuber paid for out of party funds have been legion in keeping readers of Bild, Germany's equivalent of The Sun, entertained and amused.

The Republicans also suffered no little embarrassment when it was reported in the press that Frau Johanna Grund, the leading woman in the party, was, until 1982, Herr Hans Grund - a man! The burly former spots commentator had shared many a platform with Schönhuber, and his/her exposure left the Republicans looking rather foolish.

The electoral setbacks which the Republicans have recently suffered led to a series of internal squabbles culminating in the replacement as party chairman of Franz Schönhuber by his deputy Harald

Most German Nationalists remain optimistic about their long-term political prospects, and feel that re-unification must work to their ultimate benefit. In the short term however the Republicans' upsets teach us, once again, some valuable lessons. Firstly it's always on the cards that some unforseeable outside event, beyond the control of an emergent Nationalist party, - such as re-unification in Germany, or the 'Falklands Factor' in Britain - can divert support from that party, without it being able to do much about it. To combat this it is vital that Nationalists always have a long-term approach to politics, and will continue to work relentlessly for progress in bad times as well as good.

Secondly - to avoid further Hans/Joanna type embarrassments -Nationalists must be more strict in future applying 'quality controls' over the sort of people who are admitted to membership and especially those who go on to hold high office.

I S TAYLOR



Happier days: Hans/Joanna looks on as Franz Schonhuber signs autographs.

STOP PRESS: At the beginning of July Franz Schonhuber elected as Republikaner leader.

RUSSIA: Out of the frying pan

TRIUMPHANT Capitalism has stormed another stronghold. The Soviet national daily Pravda is to open its pages, after 78 years, to Capitalist advertisements. Indeed, as a circular from the paper's Paris-based advertising agency, Sovinvest, which landed on the desks of plutocrats across Europe in late May, reveals, it is positively soliciting adverts.

Going further than most Western papers, it is even openly prostituting its columns: "We give you a chance to publish in Pravda a journalistic story about your corporation, including your own interview, your ad and photographs of your products" offers the circular.

Said publicity will also reach the Right Russians, Pravda boasts. "Mr. Gorbactchev (sic) starts his day with reading of Pravda. In fact there is not a

single person in the Soviet corridors of power and higher decision-making echelon who is not a regular Pravda reader. All Soviet decision makers will take a very good notice of your PR and advertising message". Advertisers also get "free membership of the privileged Pravda Business Club.

The reason for this sale of the columns of what was once - about the only thing it had going for it - the World's biggest selling anti-Capitalist paper? All is revealed by the circular's author, new-look Pravda advertising executive Yuri Filippov: "Only a couple of years ago, the very notion of the rebirth of the Stock Exchange in Russia or direct participation of foreign companies in Soviet enterprises amounted to heresy. But that is not the case any more." Alas. Out of the frying pan . . .



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THE VANGUARD

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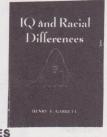
Dresden was packed with refugees, an undefended city with little military significance. On the 13th February 1945 2,000 Allied bombers dropped 3,000 tons of bombs, including 650,000 incendiaries on it. In the ensuing fire-storm 135,000, mostly innocent women and children, died. Irving tells the facts of a real Holocaust.



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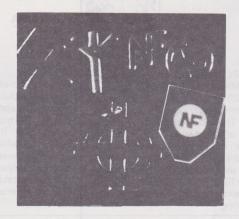
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SOUTH AFRICA

THE nature of the jungle to which F.W. de Klerk seems determined to allow South Africa to return has been highlighted in recent months by the growing revival of bloody witchcraft practices among the Negro population, which has manifested itself in a growing toll of people slaughtered to provide human remains for the witches' spells.

In an ANC rally in a Black homeland recently, a young Negress held aloft a human skull at the head of the crowd. The victim, the protesters exulted, of a ritual slaughter intended to confer the favour of the spirits on sympathetic Black local officials. In Natal, an elderly White man, living alone, was horribly killed in a Black magic ritual. When his body was found, organs including the genitals had been removed for use in witchcraft.

In the savage tribal wars around Durban, ANC and Inkatha warriors in the townships daub themselves with potions concocted from human remains. These, like those of the Simbas in the Sixties Congo, are supposed to turn aside bullets and confer invincibility. In cases of failure (due of course to missing out a magic word or a bit of human entrail during the potions' preparation), the bodies of the slain are swiftly removed, lest they be hacked up by Nelson Mandela's or Chief Buthelezi's witches for smearing on their troops. For those taken alive by both ANC and Inkatha, ritual castration is the usual fate. Not a human rights abuse in the subcontinent unduly dwelt upon by Nelson Mandela in his speeches across the globe.

Muti - witchcraft - has always gone on quietly among South African Blacks, even as they trooped meekly to Church on Sundays. Now its priests, the sangoma and the nyanga, not the respectably dog-collared likes of Tutu and Boesak, are the real spiritual leaders of the Black millions now uncoiling to strike at the last island of civilization in the Dark Continent. Even the "respectable" Black activists often carry witchcraft charms hidden in their pockets to protect them during court appearances.

"It's the season of the witch in South Africa," exulted Pip Erasmus, Secretary-General of the Southern Africa Traditional Healers' Council, representing 220,000 witch-doctors across the country. His colleague, Council President Horatius Zungu, interviewed in his plush Soweto consulting room, was less

upbeat.

Concerned at the prospect of a flood of untrained practitioners entering the profession and lowering the standard of savagery, he wailed "People practising witchcraft are increasing at an alarming rate. It's a business - they make a living out of it, but

THE HEART OF DARKNESS

it simply incites violence. You don't need human organs to practice witchcraft as there are certain spells and herbs that activate evil forces. But when inciting violence, as in Natal, or when trying to become very powerful in business, human remains are a very powerful ingredient."

Though they did not save the government of the quasi-independent Black homeland of Venda from a military coup recently. In a chilling foretaste of the future for a "free" Black-ruled South Africa, Cabinet ministers and their allies in the business comunity were found to have resorted regularly to ritual murder and ceremonial cannibalism in the hope of strengthening their power and increasing their wealth. And these are the people to whom "majority rule" would consign the last civilized society in Africa.

LIBERIA

LIBERIA, in West Africa, is the continent's oldest "liberated" Black state. Founded as part of an enlightened American scheme to end slavery and repatriate the Blacks in the early 19th Century, it has been under Black rule ever since. The state of the place today says much for the results of such governance, even after 150

years to achieve political maturity.

Liberia is torn by bloody tribal cival war. In the capital, Monrovia, dictator President Dr. Samuel Doe cowers in his seven storey fortified mansion, built for him by the Israeli's at a cost of \$6 million, guarded by his Israelitrained personal bodyguard. The learned President used to be a plain Master Sergeant Doe, a semi-literate soldier who achieved the Presidency in 1980 by dint of disembowelling his predecessor in bed and pushing a bayonet through his head. After which he took the outgoing Cabinet onto the beach after breakfast and machine-gunned them.

After an attempt to similarly succeed him failed in 1985, the President paraded the disembowelled, castrated body of his political opponent through the capital in a motorcade, before publically devouring slices of his flesh at a victory rally in a juju ritual to acquire his

enemy's strength by eating him.

In case he loses power but avoids similarly disappearing down the gullet of the next Liberian President, Doe has applied to read for a Ph.D. in Political Science at Cambridge. Failing which he could always open an exotic restaurant in Brixton . . .

BENIN

THE latest country to free itself from Marxism-Leninism, a couple of months ago, was Benin in West Africa. The 17-year-tyranny of Communist dictator Matheiu Kerekou fell in a bloodless swing to multi-party democracy.

The country's chief voodoo priest, Daagbo Hounon, threatened to hoodoo the President-for-Life if he did not step down. He did. Now the said religious leader is in the new post-Communist Government. His role is not quite the same as that of Catholic priests and other clerics playing similar roles in Eastern Europe.

His task in the economic restructuring of his Marx-ravaged land is to invoke the rain gods and stop traffic accidents, which he achieves by praying to a lump of sacred cement piled with sacrificial bits of scrap iron and bicycle frames sitting in his front yard.

THE END OF IDEOLOGY?

In the previous issue of *Vanguard* we reviewed *Seeing Red, Being Green,* by former Communist Party activist Dennis Hill. We have since received the following article in reply from Mr. Hill, which we think readers will agree raises a number of interesting points.

YOUR VERY fair-minded reviewer, Tom Acton, says of my book that it is thoughtprovoking. It is reasonable to draw attention to my views on nationalities but I hope your readers will not ignore the social content of what I have written. In regard to this, may I say how pleased I was to see the Steve Brady report, 'At The Crossroads', in which acknowledgement is made of certain positive achievements of the Soviet Union? Of course, no-one would cite material standards as an illustration of Soviet advance but it was perfectly correct to point to progress in the spheres of education, health, science, and the inculcation of social values.

Steve Brady explains the Soviet record in promoting intellectual and spiritual aims, and he contrasts these with the shoddiness of Western materialism and consumerism. It was refreshing, and unexpected, to read such an honest evaluation. The moral appeal of the Communist systems is something I wrote quite a lot about (was it only a year ago?) and I had not thought to see this confirmed in the pages of VanguardI

Tom Acton says that my book, Seeing Red, teaches respect for one's political opponents. I believe we are now reaching a stage where one may have differences of opinion without necessarily being at each other's throats. The more intelligent

sections of the British population have always desired to see a serious reconstruction of Great Britain and the abolition of the pernicious English class system. It is the fact that for many years this was seen as being possible only through the radical Left. Only a drastic reform of society can slough off the inertia, complacency, and self-seeking, of bourgeois society. Clearly, what all of us desire is a radicalism which is national in form, yet social in content.

In an era in which the Left is obliged to discuss fundamentals, and to re-evaluate much which has previously been taken for granted, it would be shortsighted to neglect the possibility to create some common ground between radicals who had previously opposed each other from entrenched positions. These sterile hostilities arose from what Marxists themselves would label a "false consciousness." These differences basically arose from a divergent analysis of the roots of economic exploitation, and from a leftwing gut-reaction against the imperialism so prevalent before 1914.

This spirit of 'Marxist internationalism', to which Tom Acton refers, was probably inevitable as a response to outmoded colonialism which, in economic terms, was of doubtful benefit to the British working class. The administration and occupation of the British Empire cost our

people (the taxpayers) huge sums, whereas the profits accrued to the ruling class only. All of this was soon followed by the mindless slaughter of the first World War, in which huge numbers of working men were fed into a mincing-machine at the behest of an effete and bumbling ruling class. It is hardly surprising that militant workers derided appeals to patriotism when confronted by the legendary callousness and incompetence of an officer corps drawn exclusively from bourgeois circles. This class could neither manage industry effectively, nor fight a modern war.

I believe we can now see, with historical hindsight, that opposition to the ruling class led to a leftwing over-reaction in which the greater interests of the nation were confused with denying loyalty to 'the boss-class'. In point of fact, this traditional internationalism was eventually superseded by 'Stalinism', which was a form of National Communism. This emerged in the 1930's when Stalin adopted a programme of "Socialism in One Country". This was precisely the grievance of the Trotskyist opposition. The orthodox, or mainstream, Communist Parties all became Stalinist. The record of Communists during most of World War Two was an extremely patriotic one, to the point of Trotskyist despair.

However, it is a complicated matter, with many wrinkles, which cannot be covered in a few lines. After 1945, the various East European communist states were all 'Stalinist' in that they all pursued the national interests of their respective countries. Whatever lip-service was paid to internationalism, each of these countries strove to be self-sufficient, to the point of concealed conflict with each other, but every political movement is trapped by the rhetoric of the past. Even Stalin could never formally abandon the Leninist dream.

The 'internationalism' of the traditional Left can be understood, but what of the attitude of many younger people? This new generation has not suffered the privation of the pre-war working class but it has inherited a certain tradition, the basis for which has been discarded by many older militants. In the meantime a whole generation has been reared and indoctrinated with 'multi-racial' notions imparted in schools and universities, and endless Hollywood productions. This arises not as a working-class reaction to the ruling class but as a result of attempted social engineering by the clique which controls our society. False notions and false attitudes abound within the Left. They cannot be countered by a "bash-the Reds" philosophy, but require serious



study.

In regard to capitalism itself, various schools of thought need to climb down from previous fixed positions. Marxists must abandon the cant that nationalist radicals represent a terrorist wing of monopoly-capital. They must also reconsider the foundation of Marxist economic belief, which holds that 'surplus-value' is the source of ruling class wealth and power. That is to say, Marxists have really only been interested in capitalism at the point of production. Yet there is another source of wealth and power, and it is the form of usury now known as finance-capital. This, too, imposes intolerable burdens on the working class of any nation.

Marxists have been wrong to underestimate this; just as those who see finance-capital as the main enemy have been wrong to ignore the swindle that takes place in productive capitalism. Both forms of exploitation need to be opposed and regulated. Regulation is the word: arguments about precise forms of ownership are futile. Nationalisation has proved to be incompetent in the productive and service sectors. State ownership may well be necessary in the sphere of the infrastructure and in basic services, such as communications, transport, education, energy, health, and so on. At the same time, nationalists of the misnamed Radical Right must abandon the nonsense that Marxism is part of a giant Jewish-banker's swindle. This requires a major re-think, but there can be no meeting-of-the-minds between people who are hopelessly trapped by the self-created blinkers of doama.

LESSONS FROM THE EAST

What has been taking place in Eastern Europe is, essentially, a middle-class counter-revolution. Let no-one imagine that the outcome will necessarily benefit the workers of that region. The middleclass has not seized power for any purpose other than to benefit itself. Those elements, long labelled as 'petitbourgeois' by Marxists, will reap their harvest in the way of greater privileges and higher incomes. The working people will be pushed into social inferiority when confronted by greatly-widened paydifferentials, and the threat of large scale unemployment. The Zionists, who took such an active part in destabilising the Communist regimes, will reap their reward also. They will achieve a longstanding ambition - to shift millions of the Ostjuden to an already overcrowded Israel.

Some interesting points merge. What appears to have happened is that the various East European regimes lost the will to govern. A hundred thousand people in a city square, led by vocal middle-class organisers, could not have achieved very much if the ruling authorities had called the tanks out. Why did the ruling caste abdicate? True, much of the local armed forces would have consisted of conscripts and might have had divided loyalties.



The 'generational conflict'. Spanish children of the 40s rejected Franco when they grew up. Is this the case with all authoritarian regimes?

Nevertheless, sufficient professionals (career-soldiers, necessary in any sophisticated army) were on hand and it is unbelievable that the toppled governments could not have used riot police, tanks, aircraft, and all the rest of it. They chose not to. This fact is of extreme interest.

A certain analogy could be drawn with Spain. There, too, an authoritarian regime meekly surrendered power just a few years ago. It prompts the question: is there something implicit in totalitarian systems which self-destructs after four or five decades? None of these regimes has ever solved the problem of legitimate succession for a retiring or deceased Head of State. None of them has ever been able to provide a proper framework for dissent, discussion, and debate. Seemingly, none has ever recruited ideologically-sound, second-tier, leaders to replace the original revolutionary leadership when it is too old to carry on. The hard fact is that, once the Communist states were established, membership of the ruling party was frquently merely a passport for a better job, for promotion, or for key positions in the State. This was probably the case in Spain also. Had it survived, it might well have been the case in the Third Reich.

Anyone who favours an authoritarian mode of government will now need to give serious thought to the lessons from Eastern Europe. There was a whole mix of reasons why ruling Communist governments became unpopular, including nationalist sentiment, dissatisfaction with economic conditions, and inherent generation-conflict. None of this explains the apparent suicide of those who held the state-power in their hands. One might at least have expected them to have gone down fighting.

Mao Tse Tung launched a 'cultural revolution' in the 1960's in an apparent bid to undermine his colleagues in the Chinese government. Mao argued that it was necessary for society to experience periodic revolution in order to resolve the tensions which an inevitable generation-conflict had build up. He argued that, in any case, all leaders become corrupted and lose touch with the masses. If he had thought it through a little further he might also have discovered that, after a certain period in office, an existing leadership becomes exhausted and loses the will to govern.

RECONSTRUCTION

In the past few years it has become increasingly evident that the leftwing was no longer a possible vehicle for radical reform: There is reason to believe that we have entered a historical era in which the mass of the people has rejected classic leftwing objectives. If this is so, then the old-style Left offers little opportunity for the reconstruction of society in the forseeable future. This does not mean that Socialism is forever dead, because the basic socialistic impulse of caring people will remain. In the meantime, the working class will continue to pursue limited and defensive objectives through the medium of the trade unions. Radicals will certainly wish to help them in doing so, while attempting to lead the more far-seeing elements into a greater level of political understanding.

We now enter a longish period in which we shall not necessarily look to socialism for the desired social and moral regenerating of our country and of our continent. This appears to accord with world opinion generally, in which we have seen various populations repudiating Socialist structures in a whole host of countries - in -Eastern Europe, in Latin America, in France, West Germany and Italy, and possibly in the Soviet Union itself. This has been accompanied by the abolition of the sealed frontier between East and West.

"So much of the general world-view of the last one-hundred years has been coloured and influenced by Karl Marx's view of history that it is only now that we are beginning to realise that we have come to the end of a whole age."

This was the recent opinion of Alan Booth, one-time director of Christian-Aid. He goes on to say that the belief that human rationality could uncover the inner contradictions of our economic and social system was a heady dream which supplied the dynamics of the Communist revolutions. One does not need to be a Christian critic to appreciate the substance of this argument.

SEEING RED - BEING GREEN is available from Vanguard Publications. P.O. Box 634, Hove, Sussex BN13 5FZ for £8.95 including p&p.

FRED: The Original Nationalist

EVEN ANTHROPOLOGISTS, their foreheads a-bulge with brains, aren't at all certain when modern man - or Homo Erectus, to use his given name - first made his appearance. It was somewhere about a million and a half years ago, they reckon, give or take a few centuries either way.

Quite a character, this Homo Erectus was. (Let's call him Fred. It's much matier). Although Fred looked much more like a monkey than a man, he was obviously a lot brighter than his simian near-relatives. He could think constructively, d'you see? He could plan and invent. Look at some of the things he

Totally dischuffed by living in draughty caves in winter, he discovered how to make fire and thus set out on the road to central heating (which, it might depress you to know, was in use by the Romans when we Brits were still painting ourselves with woad).

Then someone even brighter than all the rest of the Freds invented the wheel - and look where that has got usl Traffic jams, trains that don't run on time, the abominable cost of new tyres, skateboards even.

I suppose it was long before the invention of the wheel that some other Fred discovered, probably by carelessly dropping a haunch of mastodon too near to the fire, that cooked meat tastes much better than raw. On the face of it that was a good thing although we shouldn't forget that as a natural progression we now have the twentieth century delights of MacDonalds hamburger palaces, curry and Chinese stir-fry food. But to be fair to poor old Fred, he couldn't look that far into the future. If he had, he'd probably have settled for a slice off a raw joint.

THE ULTIMATE FACULTY

And so it went on. One invention after another, discovery following discovery, development after development. Farming, domestication of animals, weaving. And, of course, speech. Speech, that ultimate faculty that puts man above the animals, the faculty that enables him to transmit not only concrete ideas but also concepts.

And that, dear reader, is where Fred and his descendants made the blunder of all time. By developing his communication skills - perhaps by explaining to Mrs Fred as they sat round the cave fire just how he's knocked off that plump pterodactyl with a single arrow and skillful club blow to the back of the skull - he doomed future generations to years of frustration and fury. I'll explain what I mean by that shortly, but for the moment let's stay with Fred and his family.

He was an uncomplicated bloke, our Fred. All he wanted was what he needed food and a warm bearskin and shelter from

MICHAEL HEBDEN gives an account of human development not normally found in the textbooks!

winter's icy blasts, plus the satisfaction of knowing that Mrs Fred and all the little Freds were well cared for. He got on very well with his neighbours who lived in the caves next door - was fond of them, in fact. But he took a very dim view of another gang of inferior Freds who lived a few miles away.

Our Fred, you see, was still basically a pack animal and he was realist enough to know it. In spite of his Homo Erectus sophistication, he was still a creation of Nature, possessed of all the instincts with which Mother Nature had endowed him in order to survive.

Up at the top of the list came self-preservation, closely followed by the procreative urge, love and loyalty to his own and - very important - the instinct to preserve his own territory. I mean, he had to do that, hadn't he, otherwise his food supply would have been at risk. And then what? Right up the swamp without a paddle.

As a result of all these innate characteristics, if chaps from other tibes dared to invade his territory, Fred grabbed his bow and arrows, his spear and club, and trotted off to show them a thing or two.

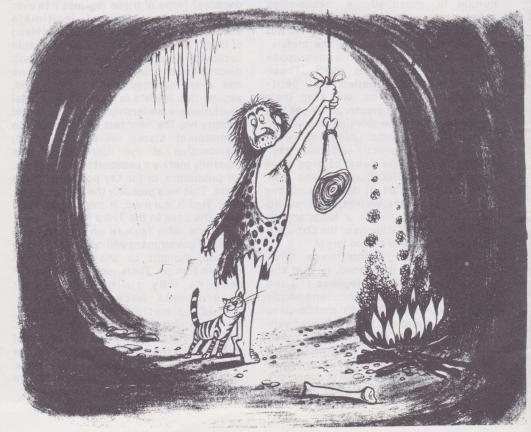
Now, let's skip on through history for a million and a half years (give or take a couple of centuries either way) and have a look at our twentieth century Freds, all the teeming billions of them. They vary as much as their prehistoric forebears. There are bright Freds and dim Freds, rich Freds and poor Freds, Freds who lead and Freds who are led.

MINORITY GROUP

And the shocking thing is that the vast majority are the ones who are being ledgenerally by the nose and by a minority group of idiots who are convinced that they know best.

The trouble is, you see, that ultimate man has developed. The politician.

Fred experiments with cooked meat: a million years on and his descendants will probably be eating the descendants of the cat when they visit a fast-food hamburger palace...



Let's digress for a while and decide just what a politician is. Well, to be blunt, he's a mutation - one of Nature's freaks. Outwardly he looks like every other Fred, but inwardly he's an entirely different animal. For one thing, he imagines he has a divine right to tell everybody else what they should do and how they should live. Not only that, he has a warped imagination. He gets IDEAS - which have no possible relation to the real world.

As a general rule, our politician possesses the gift of the gab. He can talk incessantly, has the ability to churn out leagues of verbal garbage without actually saying anything that makes sense. Unfortunately he's also very plausible. The result is that after he's been talking long enough, people begin to believe what he tells them, regardless of the pottiness of his notions.

Maybe by now you're beginning to see what I mean when I say that man's highly developed communication skills have caused him endless hassle and worry.

In our original Fred's day, the bloke who tried to dictate what everybody else should do - without even bothering to consult them - got very short shrift. A quick bash over the bonce with a chunk of rock was quite enough to persuade him of the error of his ways. Nowadays, alas, we are forbidden to grab the nearest boulder and bring it into severe contact with the craniums of our tormentors.

If the prehistoric equivalent of politicians had come up with the same barmy ideas as our own great thinkers evolve, they'd either have been laughed into oblivion or clouted into insensibility.

Imagine the scene, if you will. Ug - a weedy specimen who has never skinned a sabre-tooth tiger in his life and who spends all his time skulking in the cave complex edges nearer to the fire (ruthlessly pushing everyone else out of the way) and says:

GROAN

"I've been thinking . . . 'He pays no attention to Fred's automatic groan of disgust. 'You know those nice people who live in the Sandstone Estate over on Craggy Mountain.'

'Nice people?' says Fred. 'They're a repulsive lot. Savages. Wife-beaters. Rogues and vagabonds to a man. What about 'em?

'Well, you know that the hunting's very bad over there on Craggy Mountain and that the poor things are living at starvation level?'

'Crap!' This is Fred at his most poetic. 'They're a bunch of no-goods. Couldn't catch a geriatric antelope with a broken leg. Apart from the fact that they're too damn' lazy even to try.'

'Don't be so intolerant, Fred,' chides Ug gently. 'You really must learn to live and let live.'

'You've got a hole in your head. Those blokes wouldn't give us the time of day even if they could tell the time, which they can't. Anyway, so what?



A politician is a mutation - one of nature's freaks...

'Well, I've been thinking that we ought to invite them to come and live here with us.'

'You're out of your skull! There must be ten times as many of them as there are of us. They'd eat us out of cave and home. And when we ran out of food, they'd club us when we weren't looking.

'There you go again, Fred. Such intolerance! You really must learn to understand other people, to put yourself out for their welfare. Does it matter if you wife and children go without meat for a few days, or that you have to leave your cave and go live under a tree? Think of the good you'd be doing for the Sandstone Estate people.'

After this there is silence, broken only by repeated dull, thudding sounds as Fred,

driven past endurance, reaches for a conveniently handy brontosaurus thighbone and puts it to good use.

NOBODY'S FOOL

Fred, you understand, is a nobody's fool. He is concerned with his own cave and his own family and his own precious existence. He loves the territory he lives in and can see no earthly reason why the Sandstone Mob should deprive him of what is rightfully his - quite apart from the fact that he can't stand the sight of them.

As for the Sandstone Estate layabouts, if they're too thick or inefficient to look after their own welfare, that, chum, is too damn' bad. No way is Fred going to take on the responsibility of looking after them. He has quite enough to do looking after his own people. Fred, you see, is our original nationalist.

What the politicians and great thinkers of the twentieth century world conveniently forget is that we are all descendants of Fred. Nationalism is not the hideously inhuman crime it's made out to be. It is, in fact, the expression of instincts that are as old as Homo Erectus himself and as natural as love of wife and family

And the clowns who deny this and try to propagate their insane ideas about multiracialism and integration and the rest are merely sowing the seeds of the whirlwind. What's more, there are already signs, all over the world, of the gathering storm.

All the genuine Freds of Sweden and France and Germany and the Eastern European countries - not to mention Russia - are raising their still, small voices in protest at the unwanted presence of aliens in their homelands. Some of them, indeed, have already started to reach for their brontosaurus thigh-bones

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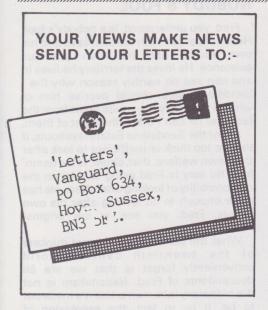
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PROUDLY BRITISH

Dear Sir,

I have been living outside the UK for several years now, but must admit that I do not share K E Jowsey's problem ('Vanguard', No. 30, Letters) with regard to nationality. I too am English, although my family tree does have some strong Scottish and Welsh roots. However when I am asked to declare my nationality I have no hesitation in proudly stating this to be British. In doing so, I certainly do not feel that I am ranking myself "alongside the immigrant parasites (?!) that infest our lands".

The fact is the word British comes from the Old English "Brettisc" and Old Celtish "Britto", which in turn refer alone to these sacred British Isles we inhabit, so named in the 1st Century BC by Julius Caesar, in the mistaken belief that his predecessors, the invaders of Britain, the Belgae, a warlike Celtic tribe, were Britanni. The term Britain thus does not encompass "too many different peoples and nationalities to give any identity".

The terms Britain and British are an expression of the unique historical relationship which exists between the English, Scottish and Welsh, and indeed Irish peoples. Whilst it is only right and proper that each of these nations remain proud of, and persevere to further, their own respective heritage and culture, that greater devolution be promoted, the insistence on placing absolute emphasis on our English, Scottish or Welshness, rather than our Britishness, our

togetherness in a united Motherland does not serve any useful purpose. If anything this would only lead to an increase, for example, in that passive English chauvinism and ignorance which manifests itself in innocent, but discriminating little statements like "Against the wishes of the native English, Britain has been converted ..." (Vanguard No 30, page 10). The English are, and never have been, the British master-race!

No, we of these Isles are privileged in our shared Celtic/Anglo-Saxon heritage and ancestry. As such, I believe that as an expression, if not emphasis of the common bonds between us, the only term which comes into question in describing the indigenous peoples of Great Britain is, of course, British.

"Citizen of the UK" in my passport? No thanks. That would be as logical as a German suddenly deciding to call himself a Federal Republican instead. The United Kingdom (of Great Britain and Northern Ireland) is the constitutional title of the state. Britain/British, on the other hand, go beyond this and have geographic, cultural and lingual connotations.

The term United Kingdom was first used in 1801 upon the creation of the Union of Great Britain and Ireland - some 1856 years after Caesar's christening of our native, British land.

Yours faithfully,

I S Taylor, Munich, Germany.

BRITAIN & EUROPE

Dear Sir,

Dick Cardmore writes that we should care as much about Belgium as we do about Britain. What a load of old cobblers!

This new burst of desperate pan-Europeanism is the product of a decade of retreat for British Nationalism.

Whilst the NF was in decline many activists looked through rose-coloured spectacles at the growth of Le Pen's Front National in France, and the Republicans in Germany. Increasingly we heard people argue that the Europeans would save us, that the battle here was lost.

Thankfully this defeatism was not allowed to infect the National Front, which is now growing rapidly all over the British Isles. in

contrast the Republicans are in electoral decline, and Le Pen may have scored an own goal over gas chambers. Suddenly the European nationalists don't look so omnipotent. The conclusion is simple: there is no substitute for grass roots graft. And substitutionism will end in tears.

But that is not to say that the NF's position on Europe should not be re-examined. As the Front grows it is vital that we debate our policies thoroughly before putting them to the electorate again.

Now, in principle, I agree with Cardmore and Ted Budden, that racial nationalism means caring about the whole of our race. But from that same argument shouldn't we start advocating the old NF policy of links with the White Commonwealth? Don't we have far greater shared culture with our kith and kin in Australia, New Zealand and Canada than we do with God-forsaken Belgium? The key question is what links are practical. This is not an ideal world and we cannot afford to think ideally in it, or tailor our policies to the lofty concepts of global victory - yet.

It strikes me that the logic of Ted Budden's argument takes us back to Sir Oswald Mosley's post-war conclusion: a central European government for defence and economy, national governments for internal affairs, and a third tier of regional governments for the preservation of the ancient languages and cultures of our continent

It is not a prospect that fills me with excitement. For one thing imagine he bureaucracy that would entail.

At the risk of being labelled a 'little Briton' I would argue that the NF are right to oppose the EEC. I do not want their sausages, their litres, or their Euro-currency. I do want to fight for British sovereignty and independence.

Whatever international policies we arrive at, whatever links we forge with friends abroad, we should never forget the NF's vital pledge: to put Britain First!

> Colin Sykes, Charlton, S E London.

FRENCH GREETINGS

Dear Comrades,

I received the last issue of 'Vanguard' very well. Yesterday I send you our last issue of 'Revolution Europeenne', I'll expect you received it, and that we have a good exchange of our press.

I read that you publish 'The Flag', may you send me it too. National Revolutionary Salutations.

Christian Bouchet, Troisieme Voie, BP 834-44020, Nantes, France.

U.S. GREETINGS

Dear 'Vanguard',

Thank you so much for your reprint of my remarks in 'Vanguard' and your most welcome encouragement.

We seem to be at a cross-roads. Either over-extend (which means spend more than we have) or cut back (which means stagnation and decline). Staying on an "even-keel" is out of the question.

Your paper distribution is so admirable, because you involve your members in public and spirited activity. Here we are going almost exclusively with our TV network to educate and to recruit. Keeping up with the requisite technology and personnel is simultaneously perilous and challenging. We are indeed walking the high wire without a net.

Best wishes for success and victory,

Richard Barrett, The Nationalist Movement, PO Box 6700, Jackson, MS, U. S. A.

ENLIGHTENED

Dear Sir,

I was sufficiently intrigued by Tom Acton's review of "Seeing Red - Being Green" to send off for a copy. Having read the book, I can endorse Tom's recommendation - thinking Nationalists will find it most enlightening.

One criticism I have is that the space given to the different periods in the author's life are a little uneven. For example a lot of space is given to his Czechoslovakian experiences, but very little to his time at Sussex University. I would have liked to to have seen more concerning the latter.

The historical analysis will surprise most readers - it is really quite extraordinary to find an ex-communist adopting a revisionist position similar to that of David Irving. Indeed the author cites Irving as an authority on several occassions and condemns an episode at Sussex University

when the leftist rent-a-mob prevented him addressing history students.

Given Denis Hill's remarkably honest statements about race and immigration I found his enthusiasm for the Greens a little difficult to understand. Of course concern for the environment is important but what about their "Third Worldism" and hostility to a British identity based on race. Mr Hill is certainly aware of this problem, as he himself says; doubt that the Green Party is wise to embrace and shelter such groups as homosexuals, feminists and ethnic minorities. This is to fall into the same trap as the revisionist Communist Party and the ultra-left Labour city councils. The adoption of such causes must be profoundly divisive and would alienate much potential support". (p. 580)

Having admitted the problem he goes on to say "All these matters will be resolved in time".

Personally I can see no justification for such optimism.

I would like to take up a point raised by Tom (and also by John Christian on the letters page) concerning strategy. Yes it is desirable to work as part of a broad mass-movement - but I doubt whether this is really possible. I don't share John Christian's opinion that many rank and file unionists can be won over for the simple reason that the NF is not allowed to function openly within the Labour Movement. We do not enjoy the same opportunities as the far left in this regard. Although Labour loyalists dislike Trotskyite activists, they are at least tolerated withinn the movement, whereas we have to fight for the very right to exist.

As a matter of fact I was active in my union for a couple of years in the early 1980's; it was not that difficult to get elected as a shop steward, even though my colleagues knew about my NF activities. However the union hierarchy was implacably hostile and got rid of me at the earliest opportunity. Acting on a complaint from the Labour Party, they removed me from office after I stood as a candidate for the NF in the local elections (on the grounds that I had brought the union into 'disrepute').

Nationalists who are going to be actively involved in trade union work need to adopt a low profile in other areas of party work - eg not stand as candidates. The question is: can the NF really afford to spare people for union work if it weakens the party's operational efficiency on the ground.

On the other hand some NF activists had better luck than me. I know that one London activist was actually co-opted onto the national executive of his union. But this must be an exception to the rule.

The case involving the hounding of Paul Kingsley, formerly a leading light in the National Party (1976-77), from his position as a full-time union official demonstrates my point. Kingsley was an active Nationalist/Ulster Loyalist, but by the mid 1980's had not been a member of the NF for over ten years. He ran a small independent think-tank, the I.N.S., and also published a broadsheet, "The British Free Press", which was careful to distance itself from the NF. Despite the relative 'respectability' of his organisation, he was still purged...

> Dave Jones, Exeter, Devon.

A LOONEY WRITES

EDITORIAL NOTE: Normally we publish a selection of the better letters we have received. In this case we felt we just had to make an exception – and publish something that is truly, awesomely awful. It came from the good ol' US of A – where else! And we were relieved to find that there doesn't appear to be such an isotope as Uranium 233...

Dear Sirs,

I'm not sure if I have the right place. Are you the Flag NF? If so I would like to subscribe to your newspaper, so please send information on how I might do this.

What I am looking for is an annihilationist, genocidalist, White Supremacist group and hope you are they. (No, we bloody well are not -Ed.)

I have a means of producing fissionable Uranium 233 for use in nuclear weapons, if you're interested. (No, we're not - Ed.)

I've already told our White Aryan Resistance, and Aryan Nations groups, but I don't know if they're doing it. A few of their people were recently arrested by the FBI for trying to blow up some "minorities".

So please reply if you're the Flag NF. (You must be joking -Ed.)

Name & address

supplied; U.S.A.

The Fight Against CRIME

WITH A GENERAL Election looming in the not-to-distant future now is the time for the National Front to give some thought to what the issues are, on which it should campaign. In theory, of course, this is quite straightforward: we should campaign on those issues where our policies are most distinctive from those of the Establishment parties, and most similar to the views of the British people, and on issues of sufficient importance to the public that they will be prepared to change

their voting habits as a result.

With crime rates rising inexorably, especially the rate of violent street crime, I would suggest that Law and Order is one issue which hasn't received the attention it deserves from the National Front, especially at Election times.

Law and Order is an issue on which both Labour and the Liberals have traditionally been seen as weak. In the past the Tories have made all the running, and scooped up a lot of votes as a result. But the steady and alarming rise in crime over the last decade has rightly dented the Tories credibility as the party that stands firm against crime.

Potentially Law and Order is an area in which the NF could make great strides - but are our policies actually right? Can we offer the British public a programme that will credibly defend them from the growing tide of crime and violence?

Reproduced on the right is the section on Crime and Policing which appears in the National Front's current Statement of Policy. In an otherwise comprehensive Policy Statement this is a noticeably brief section. But not only is it lacking in detail, I would suggest that it is simply wrong.

Political policies and principles do not exist in neat little compartments, of course. A particular policy on one subject will usually have implications in other areas. It seems to me an odd paradox that when advancing a set of policies - on issues as diverse as immigration to industrial ownership; the National Front will emphasise their beneficial social effects, yet when we turn specifically to the subject of Crime & Policing all is forgotten and we lapse back to a policy programme indistinguishable from that of the Tory Right.

BASIC PREMISE:

To be more specific: the basic premise of our existing Crime & Policing policy statement is that crime is wholly uninfluenced by 'alleged' social causes, and can only be 'contained' by suitable deterrents. It is surely nonsense to suggest that there are no social influences on crime levels. After all the penalties for most crimes have gnerally been increased under the Tories - but this has not stopped the crime rate increasing. Moreover our professed policies on Law and Order are at variance with other expressed policies of

There are inconsistencies in the National Front's policy on Law and Order argues TOM ACTON.

BELOW: The section on Crime and Policing from the National Front's Statement of Policy.

CRIME & POLICING

WE RECOGNISE that crime can only be contained by providing adequate deterrents, rather than merely searching for alleged "social causes". Therefore we would restore capital punishment for the categories of murder, treason, large-scale drug trafficking and involvement in terrorist offences.

* We would restore corporal punishment for offences of thuggery and hooliganism.

* We would impose severer penalties for rape. child abuse and housebreaking where accompanied by violence or criminal damage.

Would-be criminals must be convinced that not only will they be punished but they will also be caught. To that end we would seek to raise the standards of police recruitment and increase the resources available to

"We would restore capital punishment for murder, treason, terrorism & largescale drug trafficking"

* Police officers would be recruited from and live in the community they serve with the aim that the Police become part of and are seen as defenders of their local community.

* The activities of those sections of the Police. such as the Community Relations and Special Branch, which have been used in recent years as agents of political repression would be severely

The role of the Police is to uphold the Law, not the Government, a role we will upfold as forthrightly when we are the Government as we do now

* Police membership of the Freemasons and similar bodies would be deemed a corrupt practice incompatible with serving as a Police Officer, and all officers currently involved in such bodies would be required to resign forthwith either from those

bodies or from the force.

For as long as there are immigrant communities on our soil, the Law must apply equally to them. areas imposed by immigrants by threat of rioting cannot be tolerated. the party, in many instances, where they have implications regarding crime and social order.

Let's look at some examples:-

The Family. It has long been a fundamental belief of Nationalism that the healthy two-parent family is the foundation of our race and nation. It is the basis of a sound social order. This is not simply vague Nationalist theorising - it has solid basis in scientific research. For example, in a recent study The Emerging British Underclass Charles Murray, Bradley Fellow at the Manhattan Institute for Policy Research, has forecast that Britain will follow the USA over the next decade in seeing the creation of crime ghettoes - entire neighbourhoods taken over by young delinquents. The collapse of the traditional family was one of the causes according to Mr Murray, who argued that a concentration of illegitimate births in a neighbourhood meant 'generational catastrophe' - the fewer fathers in a community the more children ran wild - "You can send in social workers. . . and tell a young male that when he grows up he should be a good father, but he doesn't know what it means unless he's seen it."

Thus it is important the National Front consistently supports policies which support family life, and opposes those - like the Poll Tax - which can have an adverse effect.

Race and Immigration. The National Front - despite what opponents may have alleged - has never simply 'blamed the Blacks' for rising crime levels, even those of violent street crime. But it is clear that multi-racialism has greatly exacerbated the problems of Law and Order in Britain in two distinct ways.

Firstly - hush it up as best they can - the Establishment can hardly deny that certain ethnic minorities are disproportionately involved in certain categories of crime -West Indians in muggings, being the obvious example. It's never been alleged . by the NF or anyone else - that muggings are only committed by West Indians, but their presence greatly exacerbates the problem.

Secondly - the problem of a raciallymixed society itself. A multi-racial, multicultural 'society' lacks cohesion, it lacks a common identity, common values and standards. In truth it is not a society at all, in any meaningful sense of the term, but a tense collection of rival groupings, and often hostile and embittered groupings at that. In such a situation it is hardly surprising that all the ethnic groups present - Black, White, whatever - should show a greater predisposition to crime.

By advocating repatriation the NF isn't just saying 'Kick out Black Muggers' - it's advocating the re-creation of a society based on common values and ideas, and a shared sense of identity. And that's got to be good for Law and Order.

Beyond Materialism. In contemporary Capitalist Britain there is "no such thing as society" - as Thatcher herself has gleefully acknowledged. In a world where the only relationship that exists between people is that they are rivals for money and material possession it is probably surprising only that people don't commit more crimes against one another than they do.

But the whole ethos of society could be changed for the better if a new spirit of Nationalism and patriotism were to sweep the country. Nor is this just Nationalist wishfull thinking - there is plenty of evidence that crime levels are much lower when society is motivated by patriotism and a sense of national solidarity.

Consider the wartime society of '39-'45, for example. The blackout conditions surely provided a 'muggers paradise' - yet violent street crime was virtually unknown by today's standards. Also present-day Ulster, where 'ordinary' non-terrorist crime is at a significantly lower level than in the rest of Britain.

In both societies crime is lower than that of contemporary mainland Britain, even though policing problems are much greater. The common factor is of course that the public at large in 39-'45, and in Ulster today, feels itself to be at War; there is a feeling of shared danger, a feeling of common, patriotic purpose - and antisocial criminal behaviour is greatly lessened. How different from Thatcherite Britain

Robert Ardrey, and other subsequent students of human behaviour, have helped explain why this should be so. The more cohesive a group is, the more it is aware of its own distinct identity, compared with that of a - possibly rival - out-group, the less will the internal tensions and frictions in that group be.

The conclusion is simple: Nationalism and patriotism help promote a feeling of common purpose and identity and thus help create the healthy social order essential to a law-abiding society.

Industrial Ownership. The aim of Nationalist industrial policy is to give people a stake in the companies for which they work. The ordinary employee will cease to be a rootless wage-slave, but will share in the ownership of the business that employs him.

Thus the effect of NF industrial policy is to give people more control, and hence responsibility over their own lives. It is difficult to quantify the result this might have, so we shouldn't make unprovable claims, but anything that engenders a more responsible attitude to life amongst a wider section of the British populace ought to make them less prone to anti-social, criminal activities.

Urbanism. The alienation and lack of community feeling in the vast, impersonal conurbations in which so many people

have to live has to be a major factor behind much of today's crime. Futile and antisocial activities, such as vandalism, are at their highest in the grim, featureless housing estates where much of our urban population lives.

Yet the huge mega-city is simply unnecessary. Spawned by 19th century economic and technological imperatives the massive industrial conurbation is an anachronism. Modern production methods, and communications and distribution technologies make it more feasible for industry to be more widely dispersed. This in turn makes the creation of smaller, more rural, human-scale communities a lot more viable.

The National Front believes in small communities, and it believes in a more healthy, rural lifestyle for the British people. But the NF is not into idle 'back-to-the-land' dreaming. Rather the NF believes in practical policies of aid for rural development, that will continue the population shift from the cities. Repatriation of ethnic minorities will also help reduce the population of our urban centres.

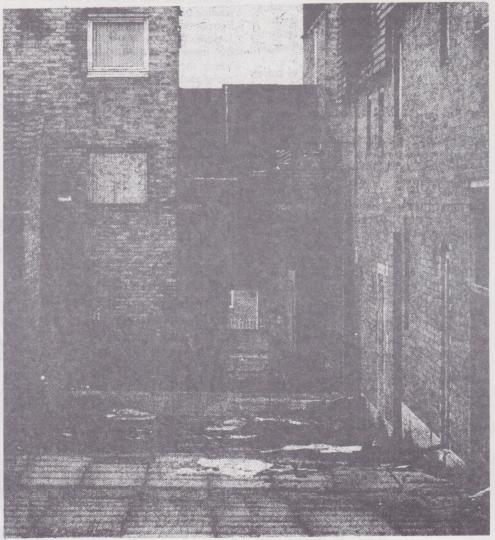
And the National Front would encourage the growth of community spirit in the remaining urban population by the maximum possible decentralisation of power - "self-government" for local communities.

The elimination of the vast, impersonal, concrete jungles that are our contemporary cities, and the creation of human-scale communities will surely be one of the most constructive steps that any political party could take to eliminate much of the breeding-ground for anti-social behaviour.

Lest anyone think that this writer is turning liberal by searching for "alleged social causes" for crime, rather than simply calling for greater deterrance let me assure them they are wrong. Deterrant sentences complement any attempt to reduce crime by changing the social conditions that encourage it. In a socially just society the criminal has no excuse for his actions, and deserves all he gets.

As far as I am aware most, if not all, of the above "social causes" for crime are implicit in the Nationalist programme of the National Front. But they are not explicit in the party's Statement of Policy.

I venture to suggest that, with a General Election looming, it is high time for the NF to iron out the inconsistencies in its policies on Law and Order. On this issue we could, and should, be on a winner.



Grim, souless housing estates - a breeding ground for crime.

Why Not Discriminate?

THE DICTIONARY tells us that 'to discriminate' means "to act on the basis of a difference, distinguish from another, observe distinctions carefully, have good judgement". All this sounds perfectly sensible and reasonable; indeed, it is difficult to see how we could get on if we did not discriminate.

Yet an accusation that one discriminates racially has become one of the most effective weapons in the armoury of the integrationist and the liberal. Like an accusation of antisemitism, an accusation that one dares to see an iota of racial difference between humans terrifies the average Englishman.

It is strange that this word should be so frightening, since we all not only discriminate daily but are encouraged to do so. The advertising industry is based upon attempts to make us choose between one chocolate bar and another, one brand of bread rather than another, which newspaper to read, and so on.

Discrimination in these matters is regarded as quite unexceptionable. But if an attempt is made to discriminate between human beings, then the full weight of liberal disapproval is visited upon anyone rash enough to try it.

This is odd indeed. Any alienist will confirm that an infallible sign of feeble-mindedness is an inability to discriminate.

In truth, the pressure to prevent us from noting and acting upon human differences is a result of left-wing dogma, not of reasoned thought, still less of actual scientific experiment. The socialist holds that all men, except probably White South Africans are equal. Since we are never told in what ways all men are equal, the statement is in fact meaningless.

It is strange that a Conservative government has not repealed all enactments against racial discrimination and allowed market forces to operate; a course which they advocate in other fields of endeavour. Why should a business not be free to decide for itself who it will or will not employ? A choice which is found offensive by public opinion will presumably lead to bankruptcy.

It is to often forgotten - and we will never be reminded by our mentors - that the only group in the world which sees integration as possible or desirable is a small, sick minority in the West. Left to themselves, all races discriminate against aliens as naturally as they breathe.

BLACK SECTIONS

Even in Britain we find Blacks insisting on Black sections in trades unions, Black community centres and so on, much to the embarrassment of men of goodwill. Nor are these Blacks recent immigrants; as one often hears it expressed, they are "British as you are, mate: born 'ere'. It is noticeable, too, that both here and in the U.S.A. Blacks will vote automatically for a fellow Black.

To many of us who know no better this looks very like racism. But any liberal will soon disabuse you of such a ridiculous notion. It is not racial at all, they will tell you, but merely a perfectly natural and understandable reaction to centuries of slavery and White oppression; almost an endearing trait, in fact. So we must all be terribly tolerant and understanding about it, and above all not equate it with racism. After all, it is well known that only Whites are or can be guilty of the sin of racism.

A Black, Brown or yellow may own a business or a property anywhere in Britain. Yet in India and throughout Black Africa a White may not own a business; in many countries he may not own land. The reason for the prohibition is simple: he is White. This awkward fact, recognising as it does racial differences and animosities, is never mentioned in the West.

Nor do we hear of the deep-seated and violent dislike of the Japanese for the Koreans, and vice versa. We learn only from reading between the lines of the virulent racial hatreds which are a fact of life in Eastern Europe. The Jews have for centuries remained the immensely talented and gifted people which they are by the practise of rigorous racial exclusivity. Never are they condemned for this very sensible behaviour. Yet any Englishman who tried to behave like this would have the full weight of the Race Relations industry down on him at once.

Turning to Africa, we find that tribe

NOEL HUNT

discriminates against tribe without even thinking about it. Far from being an abhorrent peculiarity in the thinking of a small group at the southern tip of Africa, apartheid is the norm throughout Africa.

Only in the West does public policy - but not public opinion - say that these innate feelings should not exist and that they can easily be eradicated if we will but try. Why cannot we admit that the average Black is a better boxer than the average White, that Semites seem to produce more and better nuclear physicists than other races, that the Japanese dominate the bantam-weight wrestling field, that the Dinarics are equally dominant in the long and high jumps? For that matter, why cannot we state, and act upon, the undeniable truth that the Westminster system of government is operable by Northern Europeans and by nobody else?

ONE FACT

Racial integrationists can show an impressive list of "thinkers" all of whom denounce the alleged unnaturalness of racial discrimination. What they cannot provide is one fact in support of their contention that by nature all men love one another. The realists, that is to say most of the human race, have all the facts on their side.

For instance, Professor C.D. Darlington in his book *The Evolution of Man & Society* states

RACIAL REALITIES -Every international sporting competition shows racial differences in action.

Each ethnic group does best in those events most suited to its particular physical characteristics.

Right: Russian lady shotputter, Miss Tamara Tyshkyevich, wins Olympic gold.







No matter how the Establishment may like to pretend racial differences don't exist reality has a habit of proving them wrong.

that: "The application of this principle (that of racism) has caused the evolution of all advancing societies since soon after the beginning of agriculture".

That racial separation is part of Nature's evolutionary plan is confirmed by Sir Arthur Keith in his *Essays on Human Evolution* when he remarks: "If a tribe loses its integrity by free inter-breeding with neighbours, then that tribe as an evolutionary venture has come to an untimely end". If this be true, and it has yet to be disproved, then it would seem that Dr. Revilo Oliver is right when he states tht Western man has lost the will to live.

The remarks on race of that eminent philosopher Sir Herbert Spencer are worth pondering. He was asked by the Japanese Baron Keneke Kumaro to give his views on the inter-marriage of foreigners and Japanese. In his reply he said: "It (racial intermarriage) should be positively forbidden . . . it is not at root a question of social philosophy. It is at root a question of biology . . . the result, especially in the second generation, is a bad one: the Eurasians in India, the half-breeds in America show this . . . if you mix the constitution of two widely divergent modes of life you get a constitution which is adapted to the mode of life of neither . . . a constitution which will not work properly because it is not fitted for any set of conditions whatever ... By all means, therefore, peremptorily interdict marriages of Japanese with foreigners". One can guess with what horror these measured views would be read by the workers in Race Relations.

It can be argued that a policy of racial integration is the mark of a conquered people. It has happened often enough that a race has been compelled to submit to having its young women forcibly taken by a conqueror. When your government encourages your young women to intermarry with aliens, when any who dares to protest is punished, then you have been conquered. You can't get more conquered than that.



ULSTER ON THE TWELFTH! Belfast scenes when NF members visited Ulster for the 1990 July celebrations.

ABOVE: Mark Cotterill, NF Regional Organiser for SW England, was invited by an East Belfast Loyalist community group to lay a wreath commemorating the victims of IRA Terror.

BELOW: hundreds of copies of 'The Flag' are snapped up by eager members of the public, in a literature sales drive.



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Saturday 22nd September 1990

Central London - 11.00am Start

Members Only

Dress Smartly

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Sunday 11th November 1990

Form-Up Bressenden Place, Victoria.

2.30pm.

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WANTED - NF VIDEOS

Newcastle Branch of the National Front is intending to produce a video compilation of the NF from the early years to the present day. Any video clips would be greatly appreciated. All contributors will be credited on the sleeve notes. If you have any tapes of NF activities please send them to Newcastle NF. Please put your name and address clearly on all tapes so they can be returned to you, eventually.

Send to: Richard Easten, Newcastle National Front, 53, Greencroft Towers, Felling, Gateshead, Tyneside.

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RACE A CALL TO REASON

By JOHN HARWOOD

A CONTINUAL parrot cry of those who oppose the National Front is that we are "race haters" or that we "blame the Blacks for unemployment." Without any justification at all these criticisms are repeatedly levelled at us. These accusations can not go unanswered. So, are we "race haters"? Do we "blame the Blacks for unemployment?"

The answer to both questions must be a resounding No!

While it is true that we take an uncompromising stand on race and immigration, we take this stand not from any blind and racial hatred towards coloured people as such. This we totally reject.

We take this stand in rightful concern for our own people in respect of a tragic situation not only harmful to their interests but contrary to the best interests of coloured people also.

Unlike the one world fanatics who are trying to force the square peg of multi-racialism into the round hole of logic, we act according to reason, understanding and nature. It is not hatred of races that drives us, but rather a love of our own race and the need for its perpetuation.

Are we wrong to defend the sacrifices of our forefathers who fought to preserve this beautiful land and its accumulated heritage, not only for themselves but for us, their descendants, and those to follow us? Anyone who says we are wrong for our actions, are either fools or traitors.

The real race haters are those who hold high office in this country, along with the vast army of capitalists who see coloured immigration as a continual source of cheap labour and a fat bank balance. Then there are those communists who see immigrants as cannon fodder for their Revolution - which they hope will result in some coffee-coloured utopia.

It is not the National Front who are to blame for the race conflict in Britain. It is the Establishment bigots and their lackeys who insist on more race-mixing who are the cause of inter-racial turmoil.

The accusation that we "blame the Blacks for unemployment" is a non-starter. In fact, if the National Front were to seize the reins of power next week, with our policies of banning foreign imports,

ending the export of investment capital, along with our radical programme of distributism and workers co-ops, not only would the indigenous unemployed have decent jobs and wages, so would every out-of-work immigrant, if we decided against repatriation.

The percentage of coloured immigrants in employment at the present time is irrelevant. They hold these positions regardless of which traitors are in power, be it Tory, Labour or Liberal. Under a National Front government they would simply be repatriated along with the unemployed immigrants.

It is no use complaining about immigrants who have a job. It is like saying "I'll vote for Thatcher and the coloureds can stay, as long as she puts them on the dole and I take their place."

In the eyes of the National Front the most serious aspect concerning race and unemployment is that of future immigration. It is sheer madness to allow unlimited numbers of immigrants into this country while millions of Britons are on the dole. Not only does it swell the labour pool, thus reducing job vacancies, it also heightens racial animosity

More importantly, the hub of National Front thinking on race, has always been the subject of race itself.

We know the consequences of multiracialism. The enforced integration of totally incompatible races is a recipe for disaster. We are often told how the mixture of races with their unique and diverse customs, traditions, and heritage will 'enhance multi-racialism'. On the contrary, unchecked race-mixing will inevitably lead to the death of the diversity which the ethnic loving do-gooders hold so dearly.

All races in their own homeland have a right to self-determination, this is a rightful claim which any sane person cannot deny. It is a rightful claim which the National Front has struggled for, for many years, and will continue to do so without making apologies. We will continue to warn the nation of the disaster awaiting those who conform to multi-racialism.

Not only is the National Front the voice of Britain, the National Front is the voice of reason.



EACH TO THEIR OWN LAND!

BENEATH THE THAMES - CELTIC GOLD

"The whole race, which is now called Gallic, is madly fond of war, high-spirited and quick to battle...'

STRABO

DURING the several centuries prior to the Roman invasion of southern Britain, England, Wales and parts of Scotland were inhabited by Celticspeaking Britons.

There is virtually no historical record of this period in our country's past, but by the efforts of prehistorians, their study of artefacts, excavations, field-work and aerial photography - a fascinating, if incomplete picture can be built up of the life of these early Britons.

The Roman historian Strabo noted the warlike tendencies of our ancestors, and the archeological record bears out his views. Celtic weaponry - spears, shields, swords, scabbards, helmets etc - has been found in substantial quantities, with some of the most valuable finds being recovered from rivers, and waterlogged areas. The Thames in particular has provided a two thousand year resting place for a number of well-preserved and valuable items.

Celtic warriors wore no body armour: instead they defended themselves with shields. The only Celtic shields completely faced with bronze were found in British rivers, and they are important, not only for showing the overall shape of the shields, but for preserving the entire scheme of decoration, thus revealing the superb craftsmanship involved in their construction.

Pictured right is one of the most famous Celtic shields - the Battersea Shield. The three panels, all with highly accomplished, steeplyprofiled decorations, form the central part of a shield whose background is filled with four shaped bronze sheets. The panels are attached by rivets which pass through panel, sheet bronze and the underlying wood of the shield.

Prominent on both end, and central panels are a series of roundels, built from cast bronze frames, into which a soft, malleable red glass, or 'enamel' has been pressed from the underside.

The Battersea shield is the only one in Britain with a metal handle-cover. A finelydecorated thin piece of cut-out bronze borders the central hand-hole. It leaves space only for a small hand, and it too delicate for rough usage - one of the factors suggesting that the Battersea Shield was purely ceremonial, and not used in battle.

